

# MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL PLAN FISCAL YEARS 2022 – 2026

Presented on January 25, 2021

Kristina M. Kovarik – Mayor Patrick Muetz - Administrator Andy Harris - Clerk

Jeanne Balmes – Trustee Greg Garner – Trustee Thomas Hood – Trustee Cheryl Ross - Trustee Karen Thorstenson – Trustee Quin O'Brien – Trustee This Page Left Blank Intentionally

# **Elected Officials & Staff**

#### **Elected Officials**

Kristina M. Kovarik – Mayor

Andy Harris – Village Clerk

Jeanne Balmes - Trustee

Greg Garner – Trustee

Thomas Hood – Trustee

Karen Thorstenson – Trustee

Cheryl Ross – Trustee

Quin O'Brien - Trustee

#### Executive Staff

Patrick Muetz – Village Administrator

Brian Smith - Police Chief

John Kavanagh – Fire Chief

Heather Galan – Acting Public Works Director/Village Engineer

David Ziegler - Director of Community Development/Assistant Village Administrator

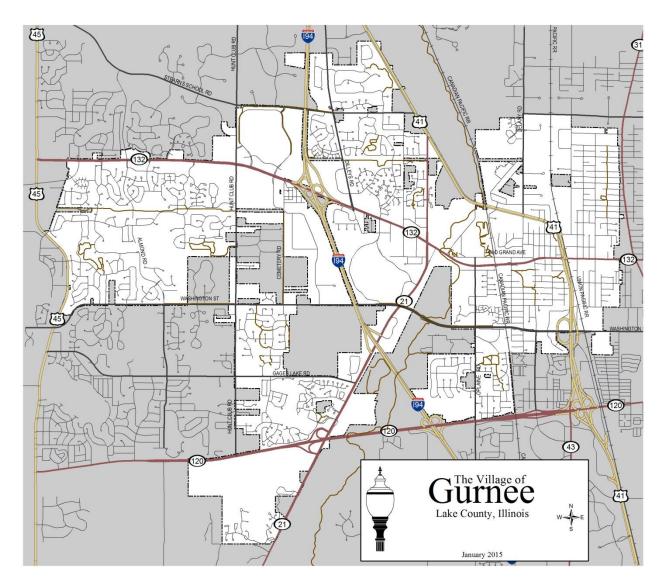
Ellen Dean – Economic Development Director

Brian Gosnell - Finance Director

Christine Palmieri – Human Resources Director

Chris Velkover – Information Systems Director

# Village Map



Incorporated: 1928

Population: 31,295 (2010 Census)

• Land Area: 13.4 sq. miles





Honorable Mayor and Village Board:

Staff is pleased to submit the Multi-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the fiscal years 2022 – 2026. The CIP represents the Village's commitment to maintaining infrastructure and capital items needed to carry out the Village's mission of Engage, Preserve, and Advance.

The purpose of preparing a CIP is to assist decision makers in identifying resources needed to maintain infrastructure, services and service levels, and potential future funding challenges and policy considerations. The COVID-19 crisis has had a significant impact on capital programs in the short-term. The impact to programs for FY2022 are noted throughout this document.

The Village recognized the need for additional funding and in 2014 the Village Board increased the Village's Home Rule Sales tax by 0.5%. The additional revenue is restricted to spending on capital and is the primary funding mechanism for the <u>Transportation System</u> plan included in this document.

It is important to note the CIP is a long-term planning document that is intended to be a fluid plan that will be constantly changing and updated based on the availability of funding and other unforeseen considerations. Individual projects or purchases will be vetted during the preparation of the Annual Budget and formally approved by the Village Board.

The CIP encompasses the Village's main systems of infrastructure; <u>Transportation</u>, <u>Water and Sewer</u> and <u>Stormwater Management</u>, as well as capital items such as <u>Vehicles and Equipment</u>, <u>Technology</u>, and <u>Buildings and Building Improvements</u>. Items included in the CIP meet the Village's criteria of a capital asset as described in the Village's Fixed Asset Policy (Appendix A).

For the upcoming fiscal year, the plan represents those items being proposed in the FY2022 Budget. Beyond FY2022, items that are currently known are included in the appropriate year, remaining funding is allocated based on the general intent and needs. Anticipated replacement costs are shown in today's dollars, meaning there is no adjustment for inflation built into the plan.

The CIP was developed over several months with input from staff in all departments, and we wish to recognize the effort of all those involved in the process.

Sincerely,

Heather Galan
Acting Public Works Director/Village Engineer

Brian Gosnell Finance Director This Page Left Blank Intentionally

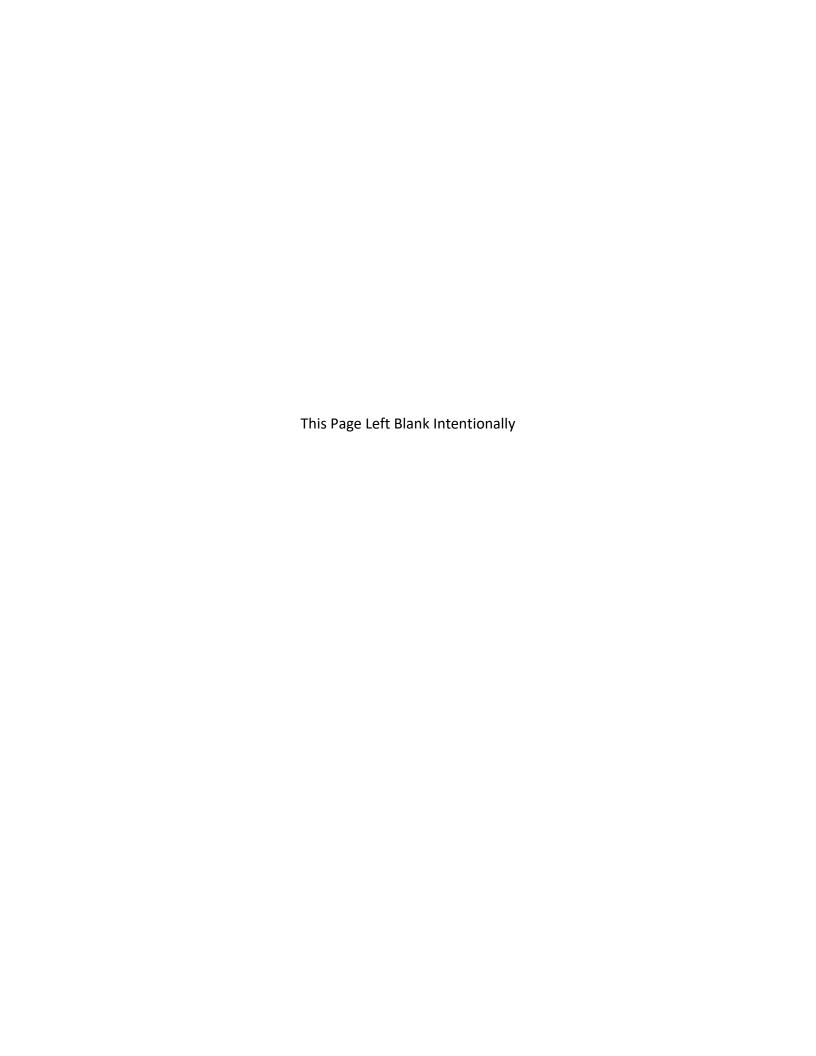
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# SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



# Section I: Executive Summary

### **Funding Strategy**

The Village relies heavily on elastic, or economically sensitive, revenue sources such as sales tax. Due to the sensitivity of these revenues, the Village funds capital on a pay-as-you-go basis rather than incurring debt whenever possible. This provides the Village greater flexibility to direct resources to maintaining vital services rather than debt payments in the event of an unforeseen drop in resources. The only exceptions to this are the Knowles Road water tower completed in FY2021, and Fire Station #3 anticipated to be completed in early FY2022. These were funded by a low-interest IEPA loan and a bank loan respectively.

The financial impact of the COVID-19 crisis had a significant impact on the Village's operating budget and fund balance levels. It is anticipated the crisis will reduce fund balance levels in the General Fund by \$3-5 million to the lowest point since FY2009, despite \$5 million in expenditure reductions. As the economy and operating budgets recover, any General Fund surpluses previously used to fund capital will be needed to replenish the General Fund "savings account" or fund balance. The Capital Plan will rely primarily on dedicated revenue streams such as 0.5% Home Rule Sales Tax, Motor Fuel Tax funds, Impact Fees and capital grants for at least the next few fiscal years if not more. This plan is built without the use of General Fund surplus transfers and relies solely on dedicated revenue streams for capital funding. Following is a description of the various funding sources for General Government (Non-Water & Sewer) and Water & Sewer related capital.

# General Government Capital (Non-Water & Sewer)

#### Home Rule Sales Tax

In 2014 the Village Board instituted an additional 0.5% Home Rule Sales Tax. This additional revenue was dedicated for infrastructure and capital spending, and is the primary basis for funding the <u>Transportation System Plan</u>.

#### Motor Fuel Tax

Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) funds are restricted funds distributed by the State of Illinois. MFT Funds can only be used on transportation related projects and require oversight by the Illinois Department of transportation (IDOT). Due to the extensive paperwork and IDOT oversight involved in MFT reporting, the Village typically utilizes MFT funds every other year for Transportation System related projects, however the Village has utilized MFT funds to maintain the Transportation System program while revenue streams recover from the COVID-19 crisis. In 2019, the State of Illinois increased the State Motor Fuel Tax from 19 cents per gallon to 38 cents per gallon of gasoline and from 21.5 cents to 45.5 cents per gallon of diesel fuel. This is the primary funding source for the States "Rebuild Illinois" \$45 billion capital plan. Starting this year, the state distributed local Rebuild Illinois funds to communities based on their MFT allotments.

These funds are dispensed in two payments per year over three years, with the requirement to spend those funds on restricted capital transportation improvements within five years. In FY2021 the Village received approximately \$687,500 with similar funding projected in FY22 and FY23 for a grand total of approximately \$2,062,500. The Village accounts for these distributions in the Motor Fuel Tax Fund as they are restricted to use for certain transportation system projects.

#### Expiring Debt Service & General Fund Surplus

The Village has historically transferred excess General Fund reserves to the Capital Improvement Fund (131) annually for general government capital projects in subsequent years. In FY2020, the Village paid off the Series 2011 General Obligation Bonds three years early. This allowed the Village to initially budget for a transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund for capital spending in FY2021. Due to the COVID-19 crisis, the transfer was cancelled and is unlikely for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, it is anticipated General Fund surpluses will not be available for capital funding for several years due to the COVID-19 crisis.

#### Impact Fees

During periods of growth the Village accumulated impact fees from various development projects to offset future impacts of the development on infrastructure systems. The Village has allowed these funds to accumulate in a separate fund for future use. An annual transfer from the Impact Fee Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund helps offset the costs of Storm Water Management and sidewalk related projects.

#### Capital Grants

The Village pursues capital grants whenever possible and has been successful in receiving grants. The Fire Department has received numerous grants over the past several years for equipment, and the Public Works Department has used grants to outfit Village facilities with LED lighting. The Village also received a \$750 thousand grant to improve the intersection of Manchester Dr. and Milwaukee Ave. in anticipation of the Village's 3<sup>rd</sup> Fire Station. The Village will continue to pursue grants for projects as they are available.

# Water & Sewer Capital

#### Water & Sewer Rates

Water & Sewer related infrastructure and capital funding has historically relied on revenues from new development in the form of connection and user fees. As new development opportunities became more scarce, it became apparent Water & Sewer rates were not sufficient to sustain a capital replacement program. In 2011, the Village conducted a water rate study and as a result of the findings instituted a base fee and incremental annual increase in the rate. The incremental increase expired on October 1, 2015. Effective May 1, 2016, the Village renewed its multi-year rate plan to include incremental annual increases on May 1 through FY2021. These incremental increases provided sufficient annual funding as noted in the original water rate study. Future rate adjustment plans will be focused on maintaining capital funding levels and keeping pace with

inflationary increases related to capital costs. In FY2022, the Village is proposing to hold rates steady and re-visit a long-term plan In FY2023. This approach recognizes the hardship customers face as the economy recovers from the COVID-19 crisis and allows the Village to gather more data on how usage and costs are trending post-COVID. For planning purposes, rates are projected to remain flat throughout the plan period.

#### Water & Sewer Fund Reserves

The Village instituted a rate plan and capital funding plan that would utilize excess reserves, CLCJAWA rate drop, and modest rate increases over the last 5-years to provide adequate funding for a sustained capital program into the future. The result is funding adequate enough to pay the debt service on the Knowles Rd. Tower and sustain approximately \$2m annually for capital replacement. The focus of the next rate plan will be to maintain the funding and keep up with inflationary increases related to capital costs. The final planned draw-down for major capital is in FY2022 to finish the Old Grand Ave. water main replacement project. Additional use of reserves in future years will depend on operating surpluses.

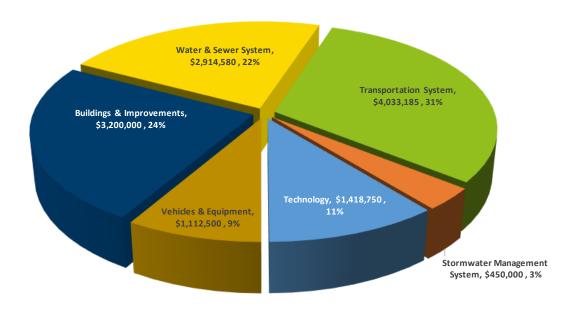
### **Plan Summary**

#### FY2022 Plan Summary

The proposed FY2022 Capital Plan totals \$13.1 million. The largest category in the FY2022 proposed capital plan is the Transportation System which totals \$4.0 million or 31%. The largest items in the category include the street resurfacing/reconstruction program and enhancements to the Stearns School Rd. overpass which is a joint project with Lake County Department of Transportation and the Tollway (ISHTA). Buildings & Building Improvements is the second largest category totaling \$3.2 million or 24%, largely due to the construction of a 3<sup>rd</sup> Fire Station which is expected to be completed in FY2022. The Water & Sewer System is the third largest category at \$2.9 million or 22%, and includes watermain replacement along Old Grand and Waveland Avenues.

Capital Funding by System	FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 Proposed	FY2023 Projected	FY2024 Projected	FY2025 Projected	FY2026 Projected
Funding by Fund	\$10,949,063	\$13,129,015	\$9,615,500	\$9,529,500	\$7,734,500	\$9,360,025
% Change vs. Prior Year	-10.92%	-19.22%	-26.76%	-0.89%	-18.84%	21.02%
Transportation System	\$4,212,285	\$4,033,185	\$3,170,000	\$4,350,000	\$3,350,000	\$4,350,000
Stormwater Management System	\$301,515	\$450,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$250,000
Technology	\$227,000	\$1,418,750	\$1,802,000	\$955,000	\$346,500	\$431,025
Vehicles & Equipment	\$673,315	\$1,112,500	\$1,681,000	\$1,299,500	\$998,000	\$1,289,000
Buildings & Improvements	\$4,023,992	\$3,200,000	\$1,112,500	\$925,000	\$990,000	\$890,000
Water & Sewer System	\$1,510,956	\$2,914,580	\$1,750,000	\$1,750,000	\$1,950,000	\$2,150,000

FY2022 Proposed Capital Plan by System

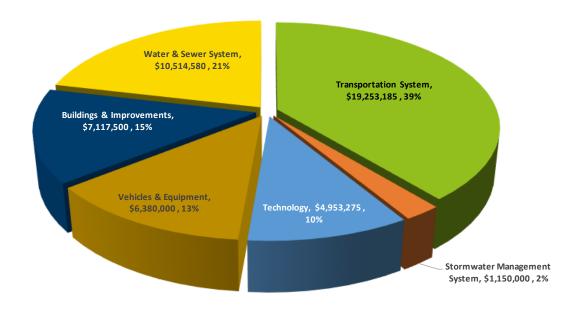


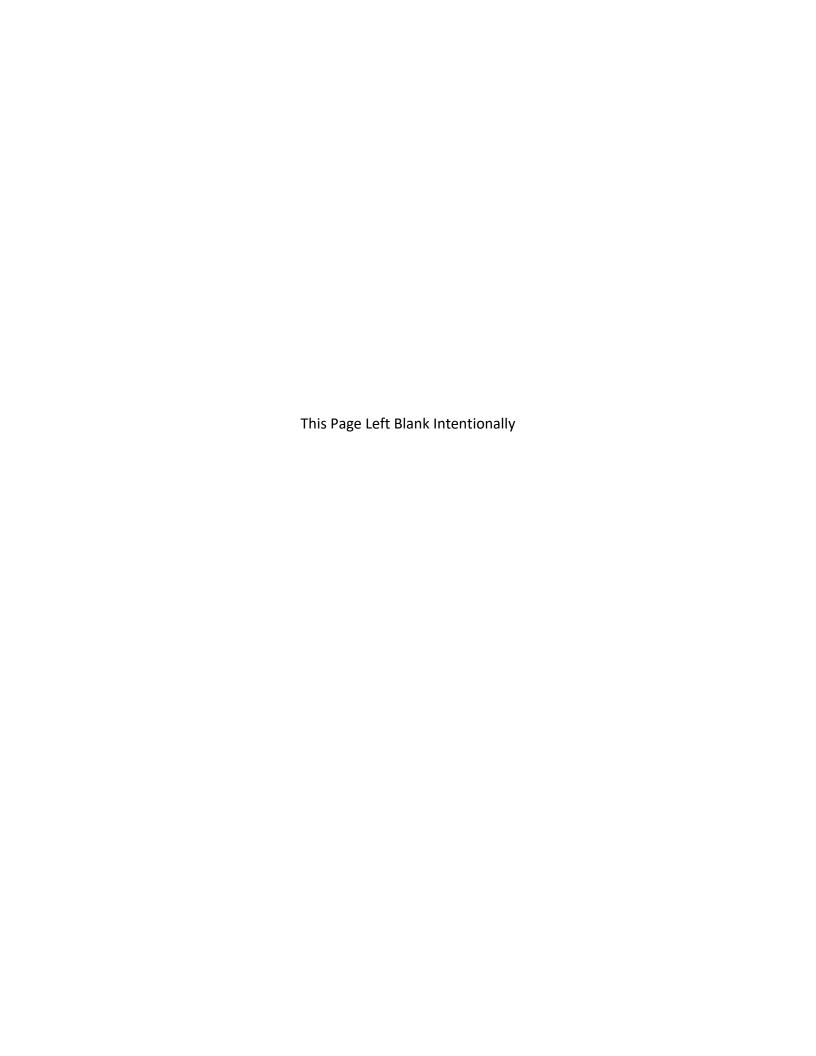
### Fiscal Years 2022 – 2026 Plan Summary

Expenditures over the 5-year plan period total \$49.4 million. Transportation System spending totals \$19.3 million or 39%. Water and Sewer System spending totals \$10.5 million or 21%, Buildings and Improvements totals \$7.1 million or 15%, Vehicles & Equipment totals \$6.4 million or 13%, Technology totals \$4.9 million or 10%, and Stormwater Management spending accounts for \$1.2 million or 2%.

Capital Funding by System	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	5-Year
	<u>Estimate</u>	Proposed	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	Total
Funding by Fund	\$10,949,063	\$13,129,015	\$9,615,500	\$9,529,500	\$7,734,500	\$9,360,025	\$49,368,540
% Change vs. Prior Year	-10.92%	-19.22%	-26.76%	-0.89%	-18.84%	21.02%	
Transportation System	\$4,212,285	\$4,033,185	\$3,170,000	\$4,350,000	\$3,350,000	\$4,350,000	\$19,253,185
Stormwater Management System	\$301,515	\$450,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	\$1,150,000
Technology	\$227,000	\$1,418,750	\$1,802,000	\$955,000	\$346,500	\$431,025	\$4,953,275
Vehicles & Equipment	\$673,315	\$1,112,500	\$1,681,000	\$1,299,500	\$998,000	\$1,289,000	\$6,380,000
Buildings & Improvements	\$4,023,992	\$3,200,000	\$1,112,500	\$925,000	\$990,000	\$890,000	\$7,117,500
Water & Sewer System	\$1,510,956	\$2,914,580	\$1,750,000	\$1,750,000	\$1,950,000	\$2,150,000	\$10,514,580

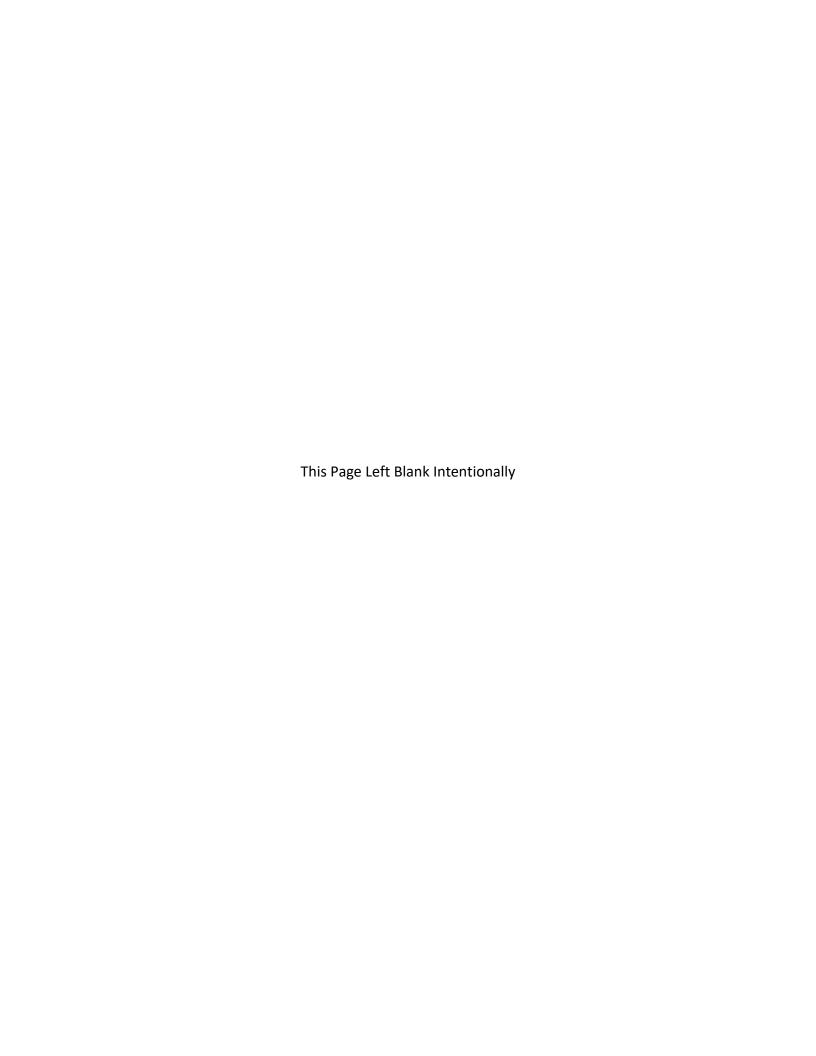
FY2022-FY2026 Capital Plan by System







# SECTION II – FUNDING SUMMARY

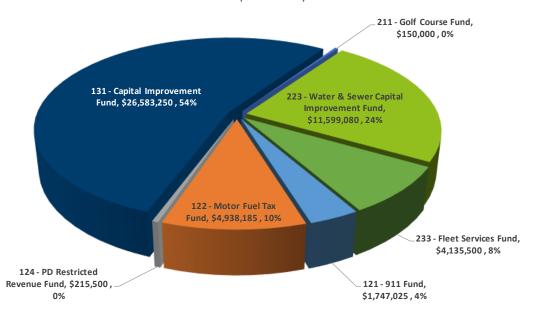


# **Section II: Funding Summary**

The Village accounts for capital and infrastructure spending in two main capital funds; the Capital Improvement Fund (131) which accounts for 54% and the Water & Sewer Capital Fund (223) which accounts for 24% of total capital spending proposed for FY2022. The Motor Fuel Tax (122) special revenue fund is utilized for transportation system spending and accounts for 10%; the 911 Fund (121) accounts for capital expenditures related to the Village's Communications Center which supports the public safety departments and outside contract customers. The 911 Fund accounts for 4% of the proposed plan for FY2022; the Fleet Services Internal Service Fund (233) is utilized for the maintenance and replacement of the Village fleet and accounts for 8%; the Police Departments Restricted Revenue Fund (124) is utilized for certain police related purchases; and the Golf Course Enterprise Fund (211) is utilized for capital related to Bittersweet Golf Course and both account for less than 1% each of the 5-year plan. The chart below depicts the breakdown of capital spending by fund over the plan period.

Capital Funding by Fund	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	5-Year
	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Proposed</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	Total
Funding by Fund	\$10,949,063	\$13,129,015	\$9,615,500	\$9,529,500	\$7,734,500	\$9,360,025	\$49,368,540
% Change vs. Prior Year	-10.92%	19.91%	-26.76%	-0.89%	-18.84%	21.02%	
121 - 911 Fund	\$5,000	\$602,500	\$751,000	\$75,000	\$46,500	\$272,025	\$1,747,025
122 - Motor Fuel Tax Fund	\$1,368,185	\$1,618,185	\$320,000	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$1,500,000	\$4,938,185
124 - PD Restricted Revenue Fund	\$0	\$215,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$215,500
131 - Capital Improvement Fund	\$7,269,476	\$7,004,250	\$5,511,000	\$5,034,500	\$4,598,000	\$4,435,500	\$26,583,250
211 - Golf Course Fund	\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	\$150,000
223 - Water & Sewer Capital Improvement Fund	\$1,648,087	\$3,153,080	\$2,058,500	\$2,020,000	\$2,115,000	\$2,252,500	\$11,599,080
233 - Fleet Services Fund	\$658,315	\$535,500	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$4,135,500

FY2022-FY2026 Capital Plan by Fund



#### 911 Fund - 121

The 911 Fund accounts for capital related to operating the Village's Communications Center. The Village operates the center to support the Village's public safety departments and several outside contract customers including the Warren-Waukegan Fire Protection District, City of Zion, Newport Fire Protection District and Beach Park Fire Protection District. The Village and the City of Zion partnered to form the Northeast Lake County Consolidated Emergency Telephone Systems Board (NLCC-ETSB). The NLCC-ETSB is responsible for governance of the 911 funds attributed to the center and distributed by the State of Illinois. Major capital projects are budgeted in the 911 Fund and then may be reimbursed in full or in part from the NLCC-ETSB as voted on by the Board.

#### Motor Fuel Tax Fund - 122

Illinois imposes a tax on the privilege of operating motor vehicles and watercraft on public highways and waterways. The tax is based on the consumption of fuel and totals 38 cents per gallon on non-diesel fuel and 45.5 cents on diesel and increased annually based on inflation. The State collects the tax and currently distributes 26.7% to local taxing districts based on a statutory formula that includes population. In addition to the motor fuel tax, the Village also receives disbursements for other state and federal capital programs. Collectively these revenues make up the Motor Fuel Tax Fund and are restricted for use on the transportation system. The tax is expected to decrease over time as vehicles become more fuel efficient and mass transit options become more prevalent.

# Police Department Restricted Revenue Fund - 124

The Police Department Restricted Revenue Fund was established to account for monies acquired through the outcome of drug-related criminal cases. Federal and State law requires that these monies be expended locally in law enforcement efforts. The Village may utilize these funds for capital purchases related to those efforts.

# Capital Improvement Fund - 131

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for general government capital asset purchases. Capital purchases in this fund include transportation and stormwater management maintenance and replacement, vehicles and equipment, and buildings and improvements. The primary funding sources include Home Rule Sales Tax and surplus transfers from the General Fund.

#### Golf Course Fund - 211

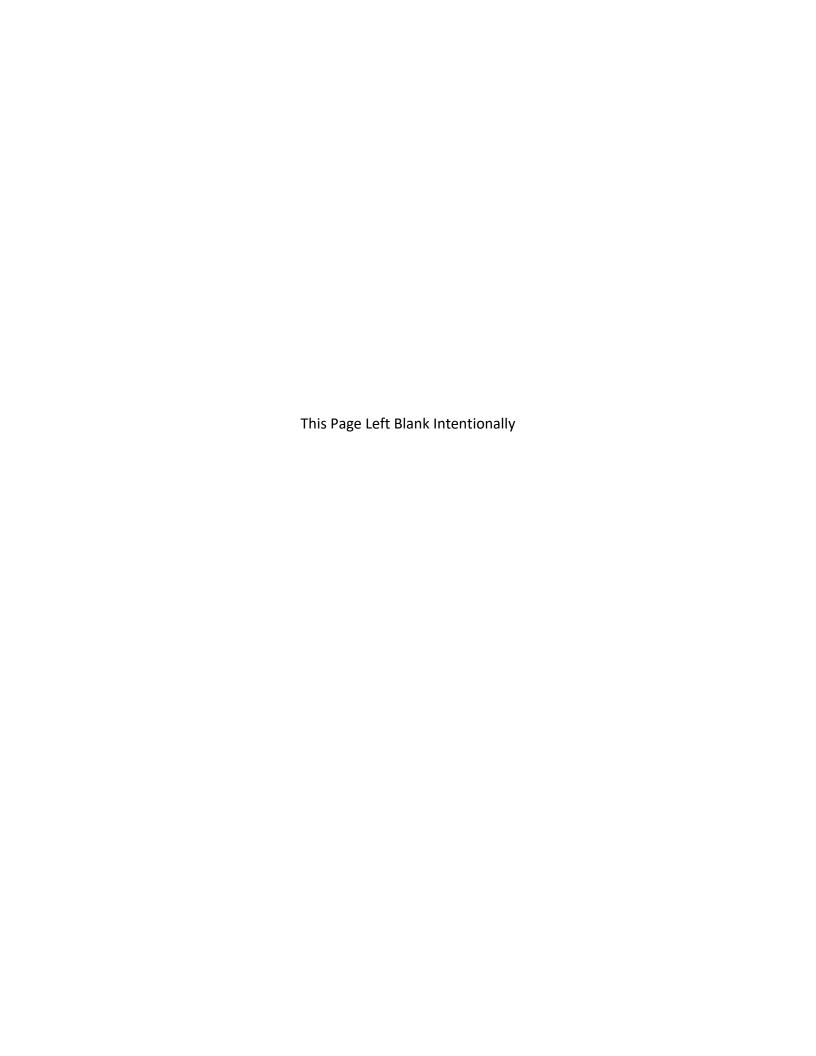
The Golf Course Fund was established in 1992 when property was purchased with a combination of donations of cash and acreage in the Village. The Village originally leased the property to a golf course builder who was to operate the course for a 23-year period and then turn the golf course over to the Village. The golf course opened in the summer of 1996 and in 2001 the operators renegotiated the lease with the Village to extend the lease term until 2031. In April 2011, the Village entered into an agreement that enabled the Village to purchase the existing leasehold interest for the Bittersweet Golf Course, enabled a contractor to manage the Golf Course on behalf of the Village and enabled the Village to buy-out the remaining twenty-one (21) years of the existing leasehold agreement for the golf course. While the day to day operations of the course are managed by the course operator, the capital and infrastructure related to the course are accounted for and funded by the Village. Starting in FY2021, the Village deposits any Amusement Tax generated by the course back into the Golf Course Fund to be utilized for course improvements.

### Water & Sewer Capital Fund - 223

The Village established a Water & Sewer Capital Fund to segregate capital expenditures from operations. As a proprietery fund, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires the Water & Sewer Capital Fund be reported in combination with the Water & Sewer Operating Fund as one enterprise on a full accrual basis of accounting. Capital purchases for the Water & Sewer Systems are funded in part by rates, excess fund balance, and potentially home rule sales tax. Users of the systems are charged a variable and a fixed rate based on meter size and usage.

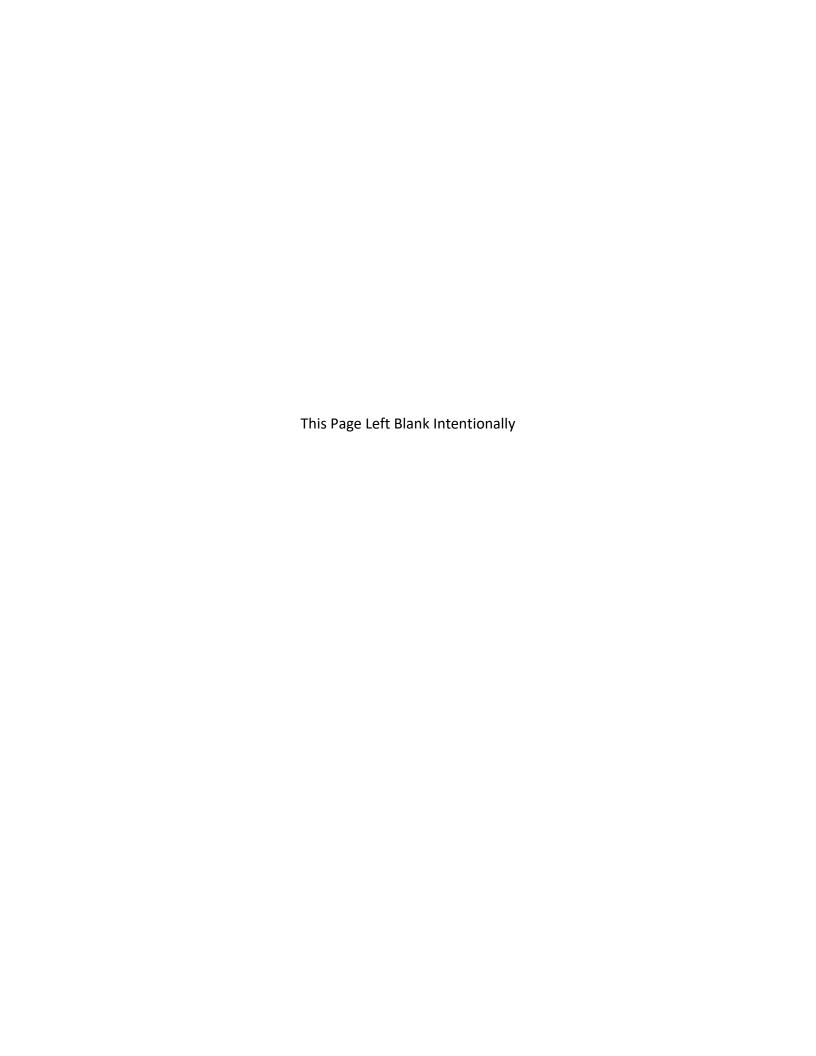
#### Fleet Services Fund – 233

With the adoption of the FY2021 Budget, the Village established the Fleet Services Fund. The purpose is to operate the garage and replacement of the fleet as a self-sustaining enterprise fund. It is funded through chargebacks to departments in the General Fund for operations, transfers from the Capital improvement Fund for general government vehicles and equipment, and the Water & Sewer Fund for utility related vehicles and equipment.





# SECTION III - TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM



# Section III: Transportation System

#### Overview

The Village's transportation system consists of both pedestrian and vehicular facilities. The Village recognizes the need to have a network of pedestrian connections throughout the community and the Village Board adopted the Village of Gurnee Pedestrian/Bicycle Trail Master Plan in 1994 to serve as a guide for the Village's trail system. As a result of the strategic planning process in 2015, the Village established the Blue Ribbon Commission to identify areas where walkability and biking could be enhanced and updated the Master Plan accordingly in FY2017-2018. Funds are included in the plan for the construction of additional sidewalk and pedestrian paths over the next 5-years. Pedestrian facilities include concrete sidewalks, paved pedestrian trails, bridges, and unpaved pedestrian trails throughout the community. Capital expenditures for pedestrian facilities could include new installations and rehabilitation of existing facilities that have deteriorated over time. The Village maintains approximately 146 miles of concrete sidewalk on local, county, and state roadways.

The Village's roadway network consists of paved local roadways and bridges that interconnect to Township, County, and State roadways. Capital expenditures for roadways include new installations, preventative maintenance, and rehabilitation. The Village maintains the equivalent of about 128 centerline miles of roadway pavement in the community consisting of about 20% rural cross section (with roadside ditches) and 80% urban cross section (with curb and gutter).

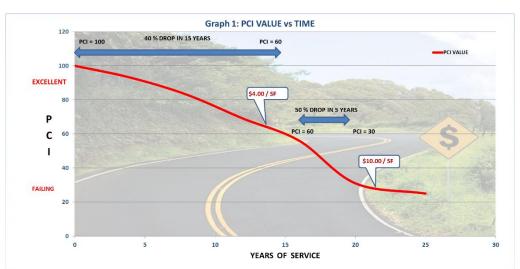
# **Assumptions & Approach**

Expansion of the roadway and pedestrian network is costly and historically the Village has only pursued expansion as part of larger regional projects. The focus of capital funding for this system is expected to maintain the existing facilities rather than building new, with the exception of interconnecting the existing pedestrian network. Maintenance of the pedestrian path system is primarily focused on eliminating trip hazards that form when concrete slabs are displaced due to settlement or uplift.

The priorities of the annual resurfacing/reconstruction program are based on a pavement condition index (PCI) survey conducted in 2019 that rated road surfaces on a scale of 1-100 with a ranking 100 being a perfect surface. Deterioration rates of pavements vary based on a combination of initial construction methods, weather conditions, traffic, and existing distress therefore regular evaluation of the pavement network is required.

Maintaining the transportation systems in the Village of Gurnee is typically the largest budgetary line item in the capital plan. Staff assumes roadway pavements to last 15-20 years before the condition begins to deteriorate at an increasing rate which requires more costly reconstruction

from the ground up. The pavement life curve in Graph 1 below demonstrates a typical deterioration pattern in this region.

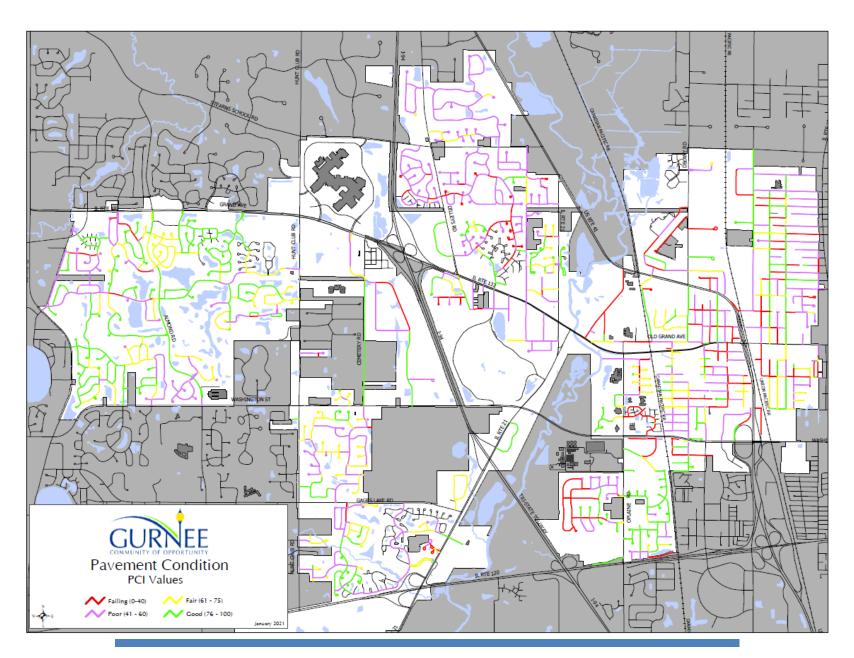


Graph 1

The recommended approach to maintaining roadway pavement is to invest in lower cost preventative maintenance to avoid structural failure of the pavement section that commonly occurs once the PCI drops below about 60. At this PCI level the amount of cracking in the surface typically results in significant water intrusion into the roadbed where frost-heave action essentially pulverizes the remaining pavement.

To maintain a high level of service and the best return on investment the Village targets 6 miles of roadway resurfacing per year for a 20 year cycle (128 miles / 20 years), however in recent past the Village has been able to program 5 miles of roadway resurfacing every year which represents a 25 year replacement cycle. As more capital funds are available, the Village intends to strive for the 6 mile per year mark to get back to a 20 year replacement cycle. In addition to the annual roadway resurfacing projects, the Village also continues an annual pedestrian path/sidewalk maintenance program to eliminate safety concerns (i.e. trip hazards) as they are identified. The following pavement condition map depicts survey work completed in 2019 and has been updated to reflect work since the study.

By rehabilitating roadway surfaces and continuing preventative maintenance, the Village can minimize the risk of unexpected large scale pavement failures and continue towards a target budget annually for rehabilitation of 6 miles of roadway surface at approximately \$6 million with a 20 year life cycle.



### **Transportation System Spending Projections**

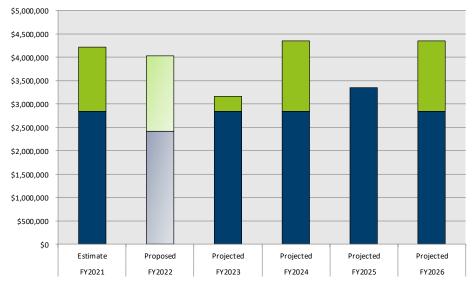
Transportation system spending over the plan period totals \$19.3 million. The following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal year and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on transportation system assets throughout the plan period.

- FY2022 \$4.1 million
  - \$3.4 million in rehabilitation work including:
    - \$1.7 million street resurfacing
    - \$1.0 million for reconfiguration and signalization of the intersection of Manchester Dr. and Milwaukee Ave., and improvements to Manchester Dr.
    - \$368 thousand for improvements related to the Stearns School Road overpass to enhance pedestrian accessibility
    - \$350 thousand in patching
    - \$50 thousand in crack sealing
  - \$225 thousand in Engineering consulting and inspections
  - \$140 thousand for sidewalk improvements at the intersection of Hunt Club and Washington
  - \$125 thousand in annual sidewalk maintenance focused on Zone 2
  - \$125 thousand for street light upgrades (final year of multi-year program)

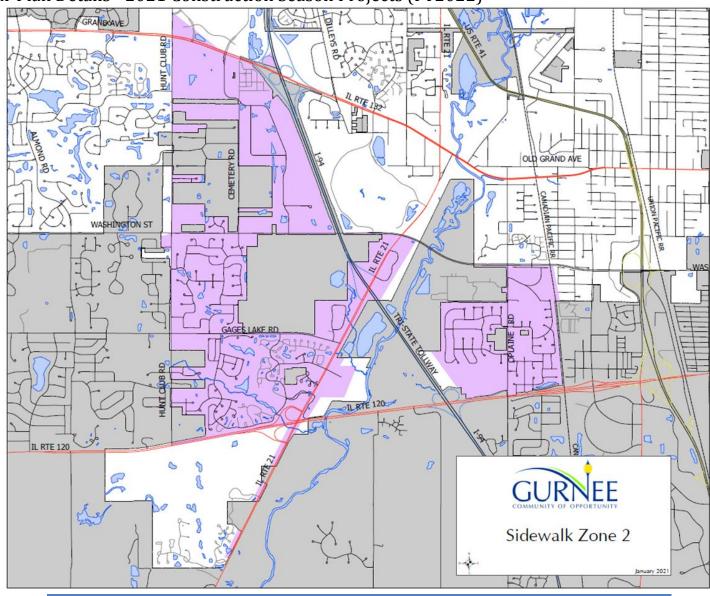
Transportation System		FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 <u>Proposed</u>	FY2023 <u>Projected</u>	FY2024 <u>Projected</u>	FY2025 <u>Projected</u>	FY2026 <u>Projected</u>
Total Transportation System Expenditures		\$4,212,285	\$4,033,185	\$3,170,000	\$4,350,000	\$3,350,000	\$4,350,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-21.85%	-4.25%	-21.40%	37.22%	-22.99%	29.85%
Motor Fuel Tax Fund Expenditures - 122		\$1,368,185	\$1,618,185	\$320,000	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$1,500,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		36.82%	18.27%	-80.22%	368.75%	-100.00%	0.00%
443012 STREET SURFACING-MAINT	12275400	\$1,368,185	\$1,618,185	\$320,000	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$1,500,000
443013 CRACK SEALING	12275400	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Capital Improvement Fund Expenditures</b>	131	\$2,844,100	\$2,415,000	\$2,850,000	\$2,850,000	\$3,350,000	\$2,850,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-35.21%	-15.09%	18.01%	0.00%	17.54%	-14.93%
433008 ENGINEERING CONSULTANT	13175150	\$185,000	\$225,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
443012 STREET SURFACING-MAINT	13175150	\$2,500,000	\$1,800,000	\$2,500,000	\$2,500,000	\$3,000,000	\$2,500,000
443014 PAVEMENT MARKING	13175150	\$500	\$0	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
443015 PUBLIC SIDEWALK	13175150	\$500	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000	\$125,000
472002 INTERGOV COST SHARING	13175150	\$153,100	\$140,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
472008 WASHINGTON STREET 8214	13175150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
472011 SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS	13175150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
474004 STREET LIGHTS	13175100	\$0	\$125,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
474005 EAST GRAND ENHANCEMENTS	13120100	\$5,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

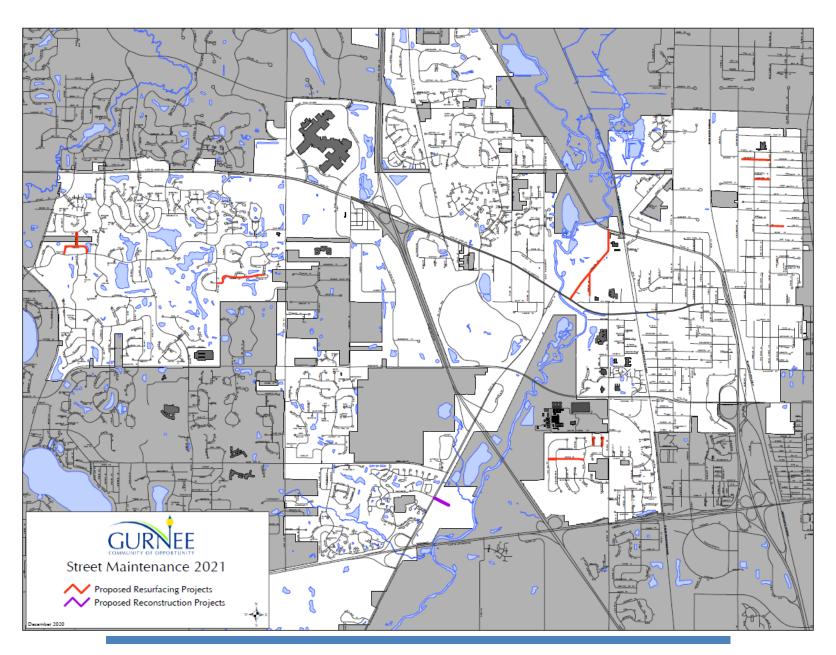


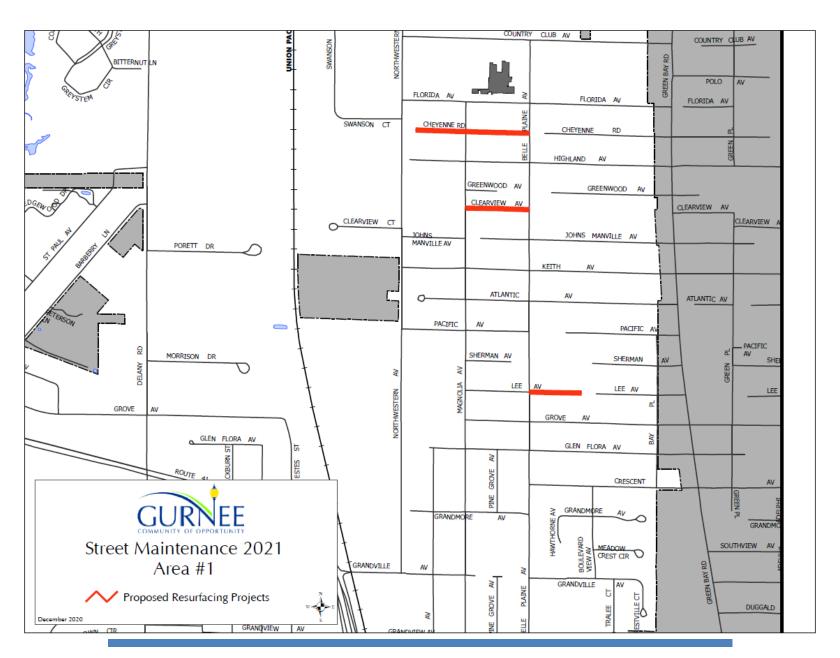


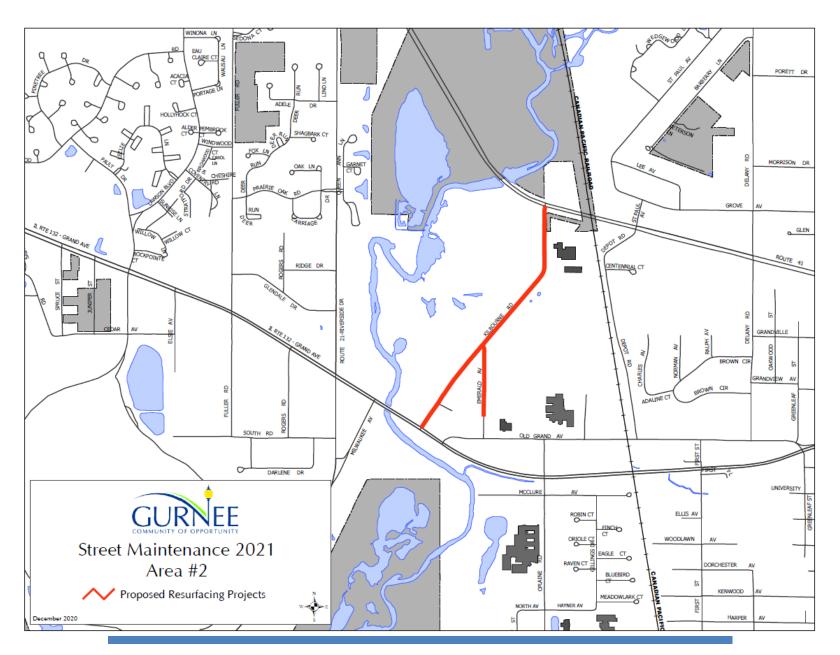


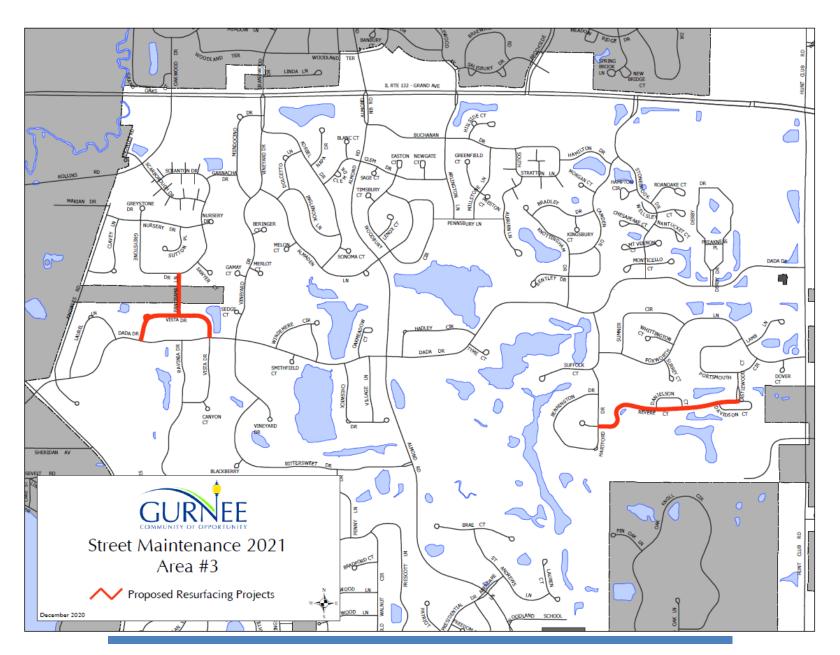
# Multi-Year Plan Details - 2021 Construction Season Projects (FY2022)

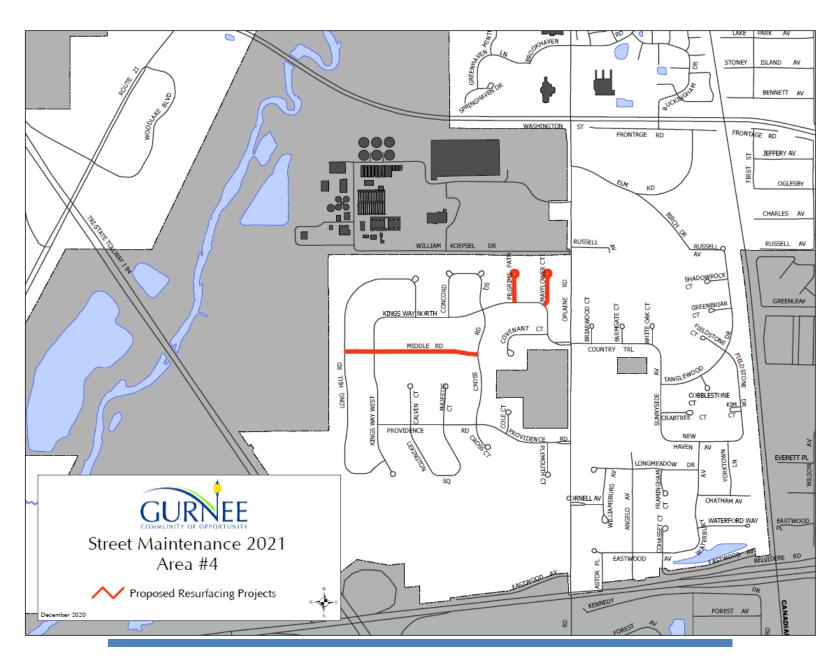


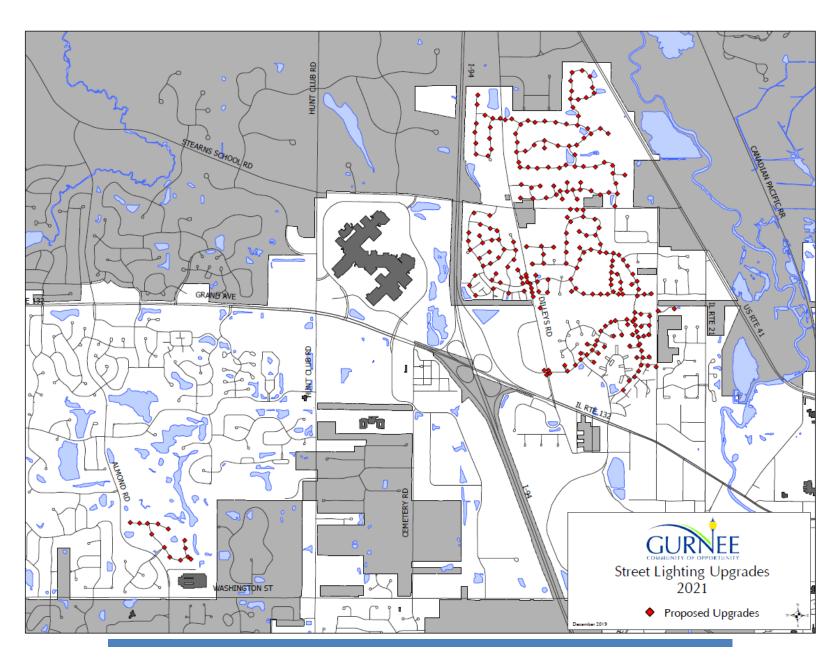






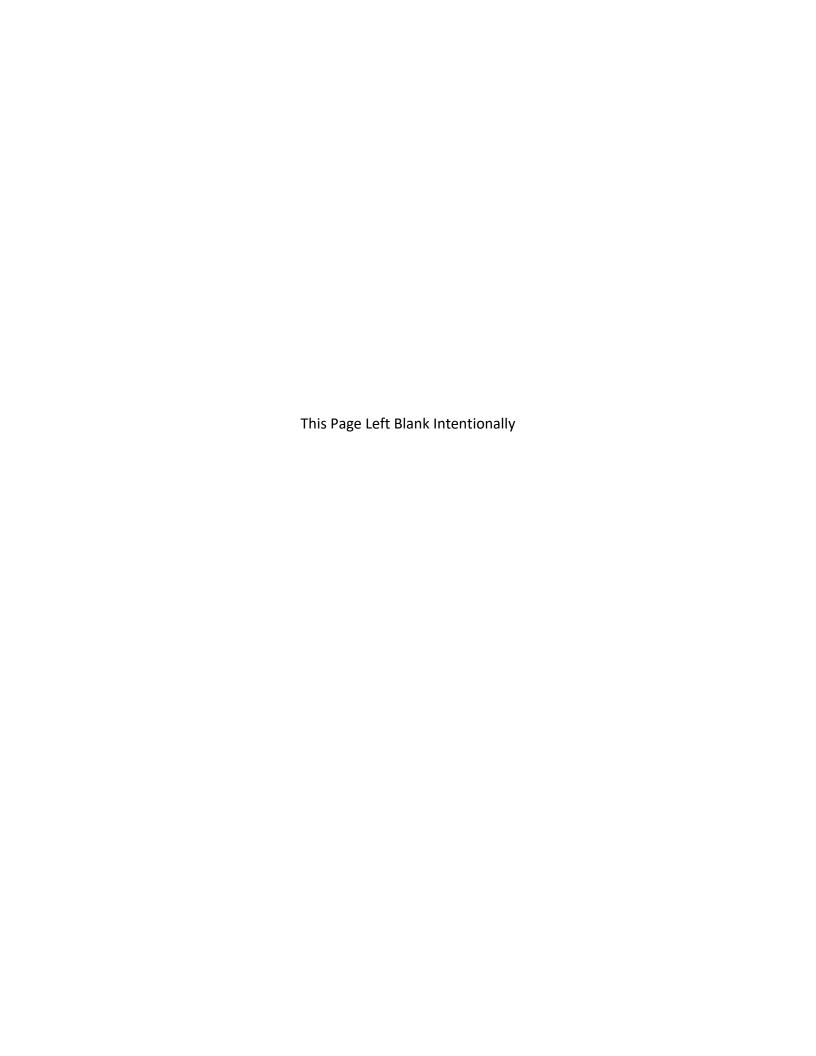








# SECTION IV – STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM



## <u>Section IV: Stormwater Management System</u>

### Overview

The Village of Gurnee is responsible for many aspects of stormwater management including stormwater conveyance and storage, water quality, and regulating development to minimize the risk of flooding.

The Village maintains extensive conveyance and storage systems throughout the community to handle stormwater runoff. Runoff enters roadside ditches or storm sewer pipes and is conveyed to neighborhood detention basins. Each detention basin has a specific outlet control structure which regulates the outflow to minimize the potential for flooding downstream. After stormwater is released from the neighborhood detention basins the majority of the Village drains to the Des Plaines River.

The Village is responsible for maintaining approximately 135 miles of storm sewer pipe and 30 detention basins. The remaining detention basins (over 250) are maintained by their respective property owners or associations. Village staff regularly inspects these facilities to ensure that they will operate properly when needed. As the Village of Gurnee matures, resources will be needed to maintain the existing facilities and make improvements to enhance the operation of the stormwater management system to minimize flooding.

The local water quality aspect of stormwater management began with the 1999 amendment to the 1972 Clean Water Act. The Village of Gurnee is now required to monitor and minimize pollution in stormwater runoff from sources such as illegal dumping and from paved areas like roadways and parking lots. In 2009, the Village of Gurnee adopted a Stormwater Management Program Plan (SMPP) with the intent of minimizing pollution found in stormwater runoff. The SMPP includes programs to raise awareness through public education and commit resources to inspect, detect, and eliminate pollution in the stormwater management system.

Minimizing the flooding risk for new development in the Village is achieved by regulating construction in accordance with the Watershed Development Ordinance first adopted in 1992 and amended most recently in 2020. The Village also has a program to purchase property and remove flood prone structures near the Des Plaines River and its tributaries. The Village works with the Lake County Stormwater Management Commission to apply for state and federal grant money to purchase flood properties from willing sellers. Leveraging local funds with government grants has proven to be an extremely effective method to reduce the number of structures in the special flood hazard area.

### **Assumptions & Approach**

As the Village and science of stormwater management matured, the focus of capital spending was on enhancements to existing Village-owned detention basins to optimize their effectiveness. In recent years the need for structural improvements has declined and the focus has now turned to long-term maintenance of piping and detention basins.

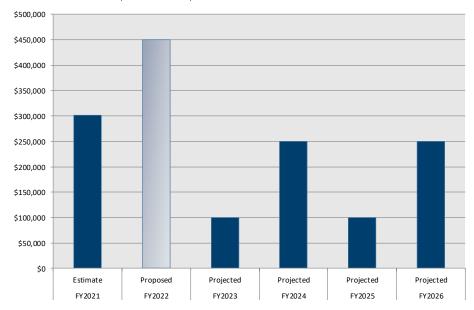
The recommended approach is to continue to inspect and maintain or repair stormwater facilities as needed and continue to leverage local funds with governmental grant programs to acquire and demolish flood prone structures.

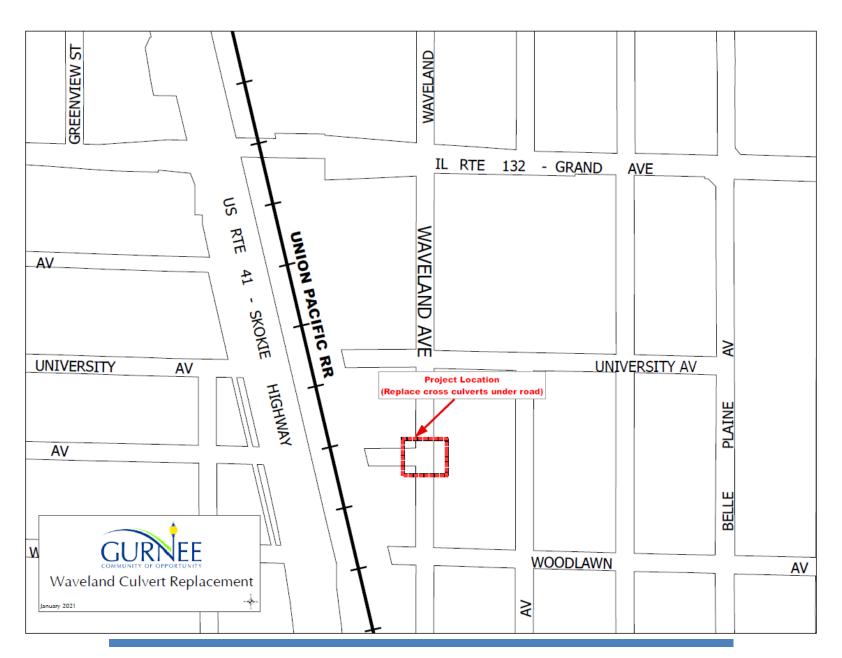
## Stormwater Management System Spending Projections

There is no dedicated source of funding for the stormwater management system. In recent years funding for these programs has been provided through General Fund and Impact Fee transfers as part of the annual budget process. Following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on Stormwater Management System assets throughout the plan period.

- FY2022 \$450 thousand
  - \$300 thousand for culvert work on Waveland and other areas
  - \$100 thousand for floodplain property demolition
  - \$50 thousand for land acquisition

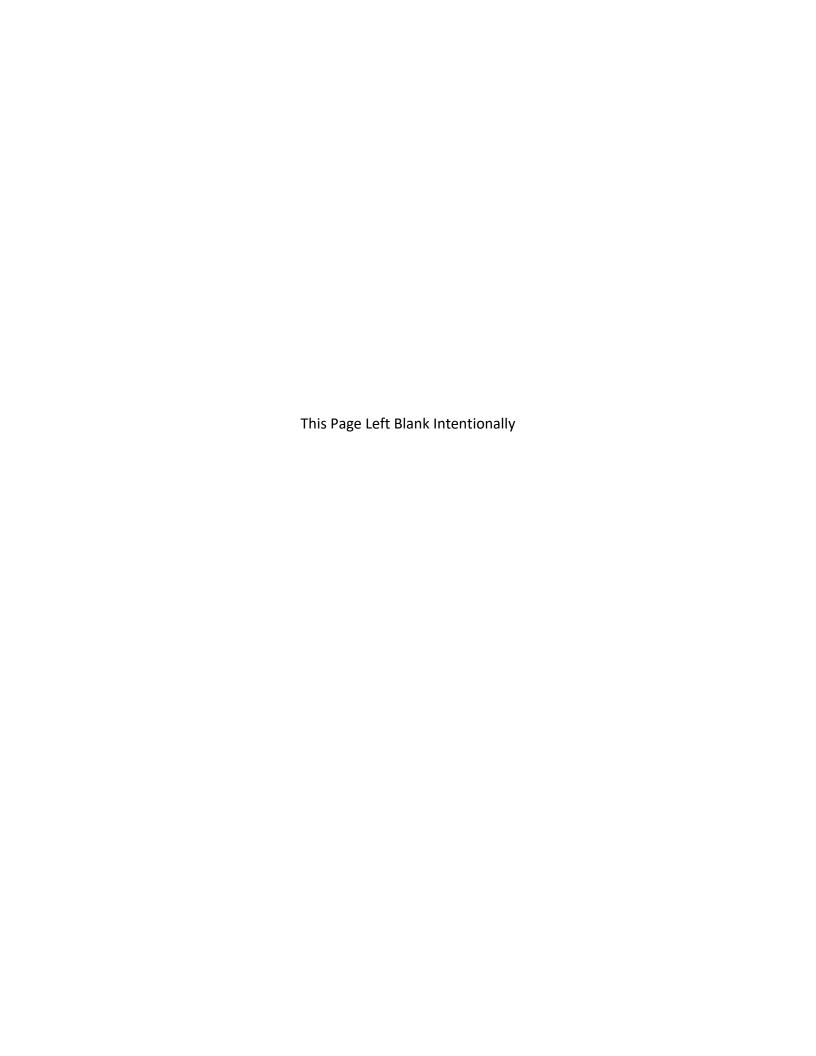
Stormwater Management System		FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 Proposed	FY2023 Projected	FY2024 Projected	FY2025 Projected	FY2026 Projected
Total Stormwater Management System Ex	penditures	\$301,515	\$450,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$250,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-48.01%	49.25%	-77.78%	150.00%	-60.00%	150.00%
<b>Capital Improvement Fund Expenditures</b>	- 131	\$301,515	\$450,000	\$100,000	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$250,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-48.01%	49.25%	-77.78%	150.00%	-60.00%	150.00%
450016 PROPERTY TAXES	13175150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
471001 FLOOD PLAIN	13175150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
471002 LAND ACQUISITION	13175150	\$11,515	\$50,000	\$0	\$150,000	\$0	\$150,000
472006 DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	13175150	\$215,000	\$300,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
473005 DEMOLITION COSTS	13175150	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0







# SECTION V - WATER & SEWER SYSTEM



## Section V: Water & Sewer System

### Overview

The Village of Gurnee's original water system was put into operation in 1960. At that time it was connected to the Waukegan system at Sunset Avenue and Northwestern Avenue. Water was supplied through the Waukegan system and a deep well located at Fire Station #1 on Old Grand Avenue. The system consisted of one deep well, a 200,000-gallon elevated tank, and a distribution system consisting of 13.9 miles of water main. With the early growth of the Village came the expansion of the Village's water system.

From 1960 to 1990, the Village's water distribution system increased from 13.9 miles to 73.7 miles. This represents a five-fold increase during the thirty-year time frame. From 1990 to present, the system has more than doubled in length from 73.7 miles to 182 miles. The Village's water source was changed in 1992 and continues to be provided by the Central Lake County Joint Action Water Agency (CLCJAWA), which pipes Lake Michigan water to the Village from the Lake Bluff shoreline pumping station.

As the water system approaches 60 years of age significant portions of the original water system are deteriorating resulting in a lower level of service to the community in the form of water shutdowns to repair pipe breaks and perform maintenance of pumps, tanks, valves and hydrants. Capital investment for the future is expected to be focused on maintaining and rehabilitating the existing system rather than expanding the pipe network.

The Village of Gurnee's sanitary sewer system was originally constructed in the mid-1960's in conjunction with the water system. The system totaled 88,680 lineal feet (16.8 miles). Today, the sanitary sewer system is a combination of gravity lines, force mains and lift stations. There are 142 miles of sanitary sewer (gravity) and 2.8 miles of sanitary sewer force main. Currently, there are eight sanitary sewer lift stations in operation. The lift stations along with the force mains are able to service parts of the community that would otherwise be unable to obtain sanitary service by gravity due to the topography of the land and depth of the sanitary sewer system.

The majority of all municipal wastewater is conveyed through Village-owned and maintained sanitary sewer mains. The wastewater is then routed to either the Lake County Public Works (LCPW) transmission main on the west side of Interstate 94 or to the North Shore Water Reclamation District (NSWRD) transmission main on the east side of the Interstate 94. Both sewer mains convey flow to the NSWRD treatment facility located in Gurnee.

Through 2011 the Village was funding sewer extension projects in the northeast portion of the community to provide new service options for residents that were previously served by individual septic systems. Some gaps remain but the demand from the neighborhood does not support further investment in sewer extensions at this time.

As portions of the existing sewer system approach 60 years of age the recent focus of capital expenditures has been evaluating and maintaining the existing system. The sewer system is one area where technology has really made a difference and the use of robotic and trenchless technologies allows the Village to perform many repairs to sewer lines without excavation or significant inconvenience to the community.

Funding for Water & Sewer related capital comes from a portion of rates charged to customers. In 2011, the Village conducted a water rate study and as a result of the findings instituted a base fee and incremental annual increase in the rate. Effective May 1, 2016, the Village renewed its multi-year rate plan to include incremental annual increases on May 1 through FY2021. The result is funding adequate enough to pay the debt service on the Knowles Rd. Tower and sustain approximately \$2m annually for capital replacement. The Village is planning to re-visit a longer term rate plan in FY2023 with the focus to maintain the funding and keep up with inflationary increases related to capital costs. The final planned draw-down for major capital is in FY2022 to finish the Old Grand Ave. water main replacement project.

### **Assumptions & Approach**

As the water system ages the need to begin investing capital funds in replacement of aging facilities will become the focus of capital improvement plan. Replacement of deteriorating water main pipe, hydrants, valves and tank maintenance are expected to be the focus of future investment to maintain a high level of service to the community.

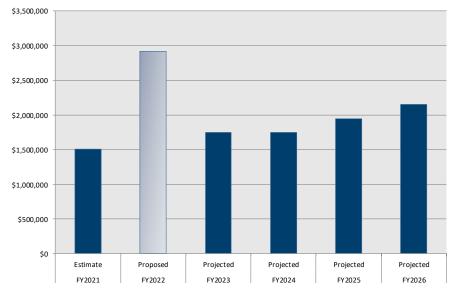
As the sewer system ages the need to begin investing capital funds in standardization of electrical cabinetry and maintenance of deteriorating facilities will become the focus of the capital improvement plan. Sewer pipe, pumps and manhole structures are expected to be the focus of future rehabilitation while standardization of electrical cabinet panels and Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition (SCADA) programs at our lift stations will be prioritized for investments to maintain a high levels of service to the community.

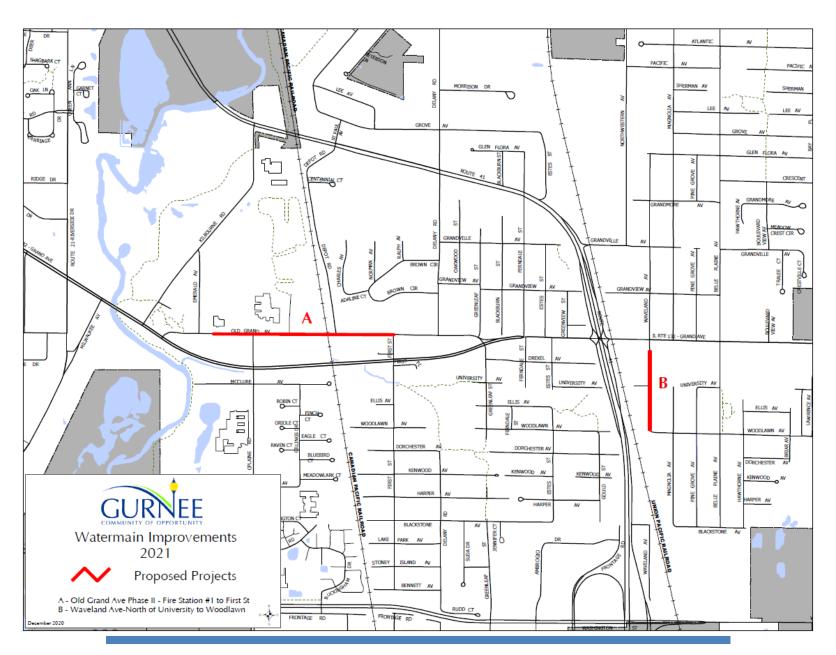
### Water & Sewer System Spending Projections

Following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on Water & Sewer System assets throughout the plan period.

- FY2022 \$2.9 million
  - \$1.5 million for phase 2 watermain replacement on Old Grand Ave.
  - \$830 thousand for watermain at the intersection of Hunt Club and Washington, and Waveland Ave.
  - \$280 thousand for enhancements and backup power to lift stations
  - \$225 thousand in SCADA system upgrades
  - \$40 thousand for engineering

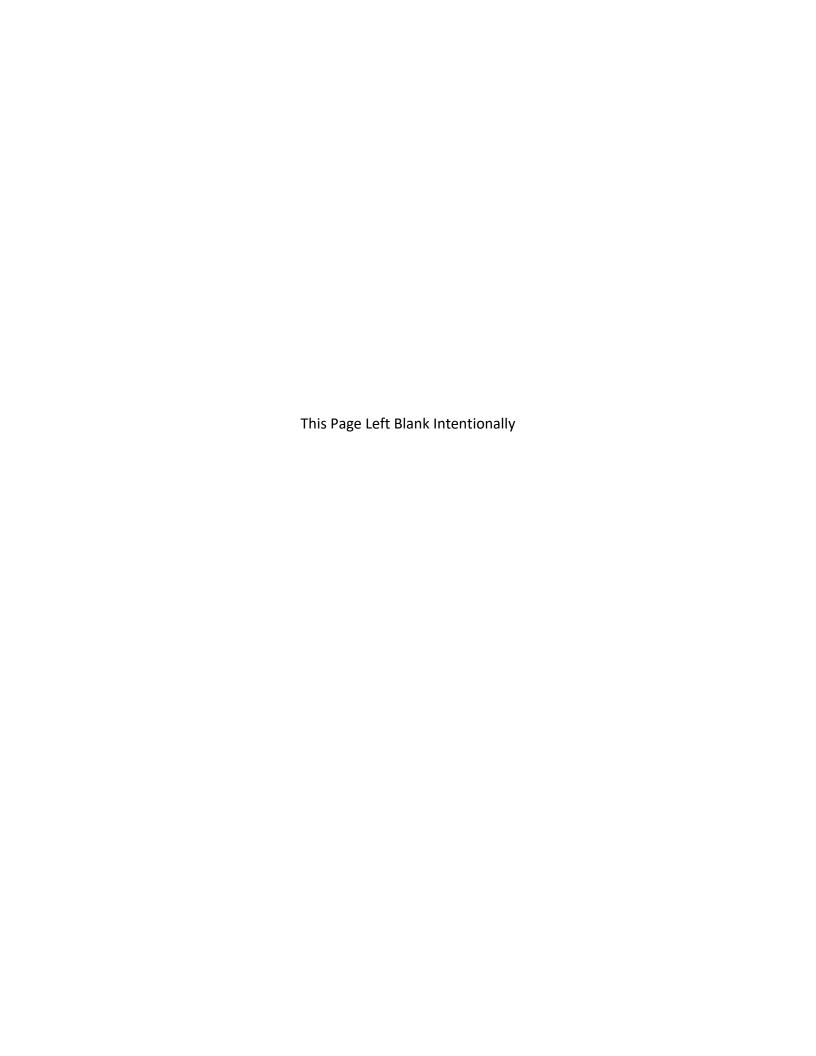
Water & Sewer System		FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026
		<u>Estimate</u>	<u>Proposed</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>	<u>Projected</u>
Total Water & Sewer System Expenditures		\$1,510,956	\$2,914,580	\$1,750,000	\$1,750,000	\$1,950,000	\$2,150,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-49.89%	92.90%	-39.96%	0.00%	11.43%	10.26%
Water & Sewer Capital Fund Expenditures - 223		\$1,510,956	\$2,914,580	\$1,750,000	\$1,750,000	\$1,950,000	\$2,150,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-49.89%	92.90%	-39.96%	0.00%	11.43%	10.26%
472003 UTILITY IMPROVEMENT	22375500	\$1,000,000	\$2,649,580	\$1,600,000	\$1,600,000	\$1,800,000	\$2,000,000
472012 KNOWLES RD. WATER TOWER	22375500	\$505,956	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
472004 ENGINEERING STUDIES	22375500	\$0	\$40,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
475022 SCADA SYSTEM	22375500	\$5,000	\$225,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000







# SECTION VI – VEHICLES & EQUIPMENT



# Section VI: Vehicles & Equipment

### Overview

Items included in this section fall under the Machinery and Equipment category of fixed assets as defined in the Village's Fixed Assets Policy (Appendix A). These items include vehicles, heavy equipment, and any up fitting to put the asset in use.

The Village of Gurnee recognizes the importance of maintaining, replacing, and purchasing equipment and vehicles to guarantee public safety and the efficient delivery of services. Vehicles include squad cars, fire apparatus, ambulances and snowplows among others. The Village has been successful in limiting the number of vehicles in the fleet budgeted for replacement by shifting heavily used vehicles to other areas that are less demanding. For example, a Police squad that reaches a certain age and mileage threshold may not be appropriate as a Police vehicle but can be utilized by the Community Development Department in less demanding roles. The table below shows the number of vehicles and pieces of heavy equipment and their approximate replacement value broken down by department to be budgeted for replacement in future years.

Department	Count	Replacement Value
Police Department	36	\$1,500,000
Fire Department	20	\$6,184,000
Public Works*	67	\$8,970,000
Total	123	\$16,654,000

<sup>\*</sup>Some Vehicles & Equipment is shared between the Streets and Utilities divisions

### Assumptions & Approach

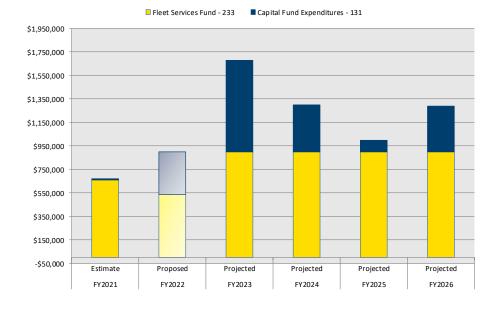
Various factors are considered when determining a replacement cycle for vehicles and equipment. These factors include mileage or hours of engine runtime, maintenance costs and future demands. Due to the wide variety of factors influencing the range of assets included in this category, staff reviews needs annually with every department and the Fleet Management Administrator.

### **Vehicle & Equipment Spending Projections**

Following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal year and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on Vehicles and Equipment throughout the plan period.

- FY2022 \$1.1 million
  - Police Department
    - \$384 thousand for three squad, one evidence tech vehicle and four unmarked vehicle replacements (squads rolled down to Community Development)
    - \$58 thousand for evidence tracking and gear
  - Fire Department
    - \$312 thousand for the replacement of an ambulance
    - \$25 thousand for a potential 90/10 grant
    - \$25 thousand for warning siren maintenance
  - Public Works
    - \$310 thousand for the up fitting of two 5-yard dump trucks, chassis purchased in FY2021

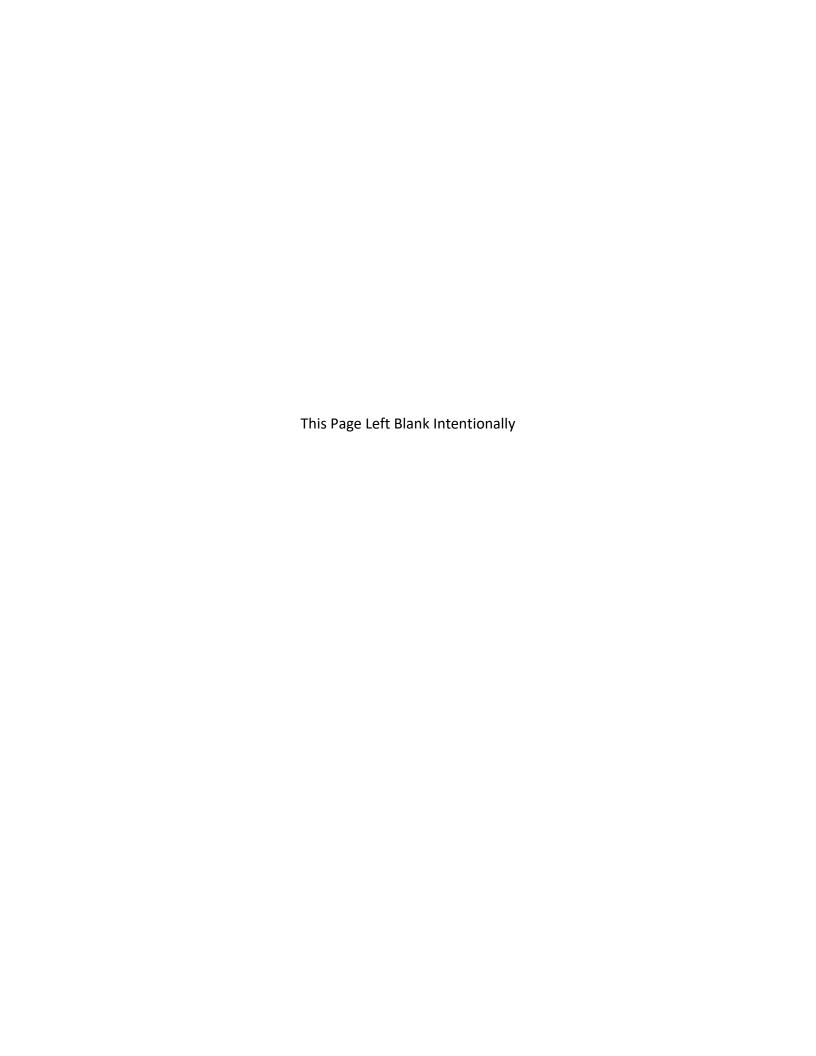
Vehicles & Eq	uipment by Fund		FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 <u>Proposed</u>	FY2023 <u>Projected</u>	FY2024 <u>Projected</u>	FY2025 <u>Projected</u>	FY2026 <u>Projected</u>
<b>Total Vehicles</b>	& Equipment Expenditures		\$673,315	\$1,112,500	\$1,681,000	\$1,299,500	\$998,000	\$1,289,000
% Change vs. P	Prior Year		-52.23%	65.23%	51.10%	-22.69%	-23.20%	29.16%
DD Dt-i-t-	d Davis and 124		\$0	¢345 500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	ed Revenue Fund - 124			\$215,500		• •	• • •	• •
% Change v	s. Prior Year		-100.00%	0.00%	-100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
475102	EQUIPMENT	12440160	\$0	\$25,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
475102	EQUIPMENT	12440170	\$0	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
475202	VEHICLES	12440170	\$0	\$158,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Capital Fund</b>	d Expenditures - 131		\$15,000	\$361,500	\$781,000	\$399,500	\$98,000	\$389,000
% Change v	s. Prior Year		-94.97%	2310.00%	116.04%	-48.85%	-75.47%	296.94%
475010	PRE-EMPTION SYSTEM	13150100	\$2,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
475016	MATCHING GRANT PROGRAM	13150100	\$0	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
475017	WARNING SIRENS	13150100	\$12,500	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
475202	VEHICLES	13150100	\$0	\$311,500	\$731,000	\$349,500	\$48,000	\$339,000
Fleet Service	es Fund - 233		\$658,315	\$535,500	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$900,000	\$900,000
% Change v	s. Prior Year		-38.15%	-18.66%	68.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
475202	VEHICLES	23340100	\$312,815	\$225,500	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000
475103	HEAVY EQUIPMENT	23375100	\$0	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
475202	VEHICLES	23375100	\$190,000	\$155,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
475103	HEAVY EQUIPMENT	23375500	\$0	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
475202	VEHICLES	23375500	\$155,500	\$155,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000







# SECTION VII - TECHNOLOGY



# Section VII: Technology

### Overview

Items included in this section fall under the Machinery and Equipment and Computers category of fixed assets as defined in the Village's Fixed Assets Policy (Appendix A). These items include the Village's computer servers, personal computers, phone and voicemail systems, cellular voice and data services, e-mail system, wired and wireless networks, computer security, website and other internet services. The Village operates a full-service Communications Center that services the Village's public safety departments as well as several outside contractual customers. A number of high value technology assets are utilized in the Communications Center and included in this category.

The Village's technology is managed by the Information Systems (IS) Division within the Administration Department. IS staff activities are designed to provide both managers and users with reliable, efficient, consistent and intuitive systems to assist departmental operations and strengthen services provided to the public. Staff regularly assists departments with various communications methods, budgeting, specifications for software and hardware, procurement, implementation, training and maintenance of IT systems. Information Systems also includes comprehensive Geographic Information Systems (GIS) services. The Division is largely responsible for maintenance of software and equipment in five facilities with a number of Local Area Networks (LANs) connected via a Metropolitan Area Network (MAN).

### Assumptions & Approach

Village leadership has a longstanding commitment to utilizing technology to deliver services in an-effective and efficient manner. This emphasis is borne out in historical spending on technology and is reflected and emphasized in the Village's strategic plan.

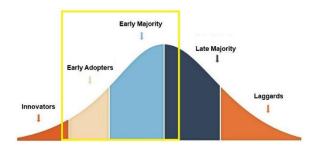
Implementing technology purely as a cost reduction mechanism needs to be supplemented with a view of technology as an enabler of insights and activities not previously possible. The idea of digital transformation highlights extensive change implications and implies the reimagining of entire processes bringing new opportunities. Technology and digital transformation are a new competitive arena for organizations, including government, to differentiate from competitors.

Technology enables: improved resident and constituent experiences; focusing departmental efforts and expenditures for maximum effect; increasing operational capabilities; facilitating collaboration; providing greater transparency; and protecting village residents, workforce and assets.

Today's overwhelming dependence on technology warrants investment in resilience, preparedness, and protection of systems from natural, accidental, and intentional occurrences.

The value of our technological systems make them targets for extortionists as cyber crime has become a profitable industry. Many systems deployed in the past did not contemplate today's security requirements and require retrofit or replacement.

The Village seeks to time the implementation new technologies judiciously. Product adoption phases include innovators, early adopters, early majorities, late majorities and laggards. The Village's efforts sometimes fall into the early adopter and more often the early majority categories.



The Village has a history of coordinating technology efforts across departments. The Information Systems Division works across organizational partitions. This coordinated approach reduces duplicated efforts and expenditures. It allows a level of specialization of personnel not supported in smaller organizational units.

Proposed projects are evaluated with respect to flexibility and adaptability to increase the ongoing value and longevity of solutions. Beyond systems maintenance costs, environmental impact and exit strategies for preserving data are also relevant factors.

Planned expenditures fall into two broad categories. The first is cross department or enterprise wide projects which benefit multiple or all departmental operations. These activities include: enterprise software systems and applications such as our Financial ERP system; networking equipment and applications such as routers and switches; cyber security equipment and applications such as firewalls and intrusion detection systems; and virtualization and storage such as Storage Area Network equipment which is utilized across all depts.

The second broad category are the planned expenditures which break down into department-specific needs and can be more readily attributable to individual departments. These activities include: physical security and access controls such as IP cameras and prox card readers; audio visual equipment and display systems such as projectors, video walls, and presentation systems; communications systems and services such as telephone and portable radio systems; and departmental systems and applications such as records management systems specific to an individual department.

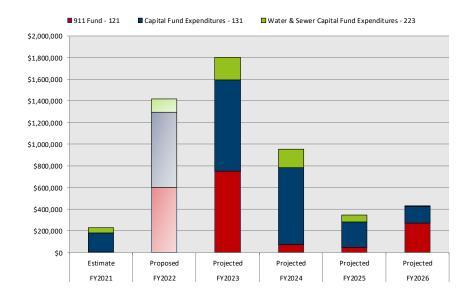
The categories and accounts are intended to quantify expenditures based on functional descriptions / activities supported. They provide an opportunity to focus emphasis in aggregate as priorities change.

### **Technology Spending Projections**

Following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on Technology throughout the plan period.

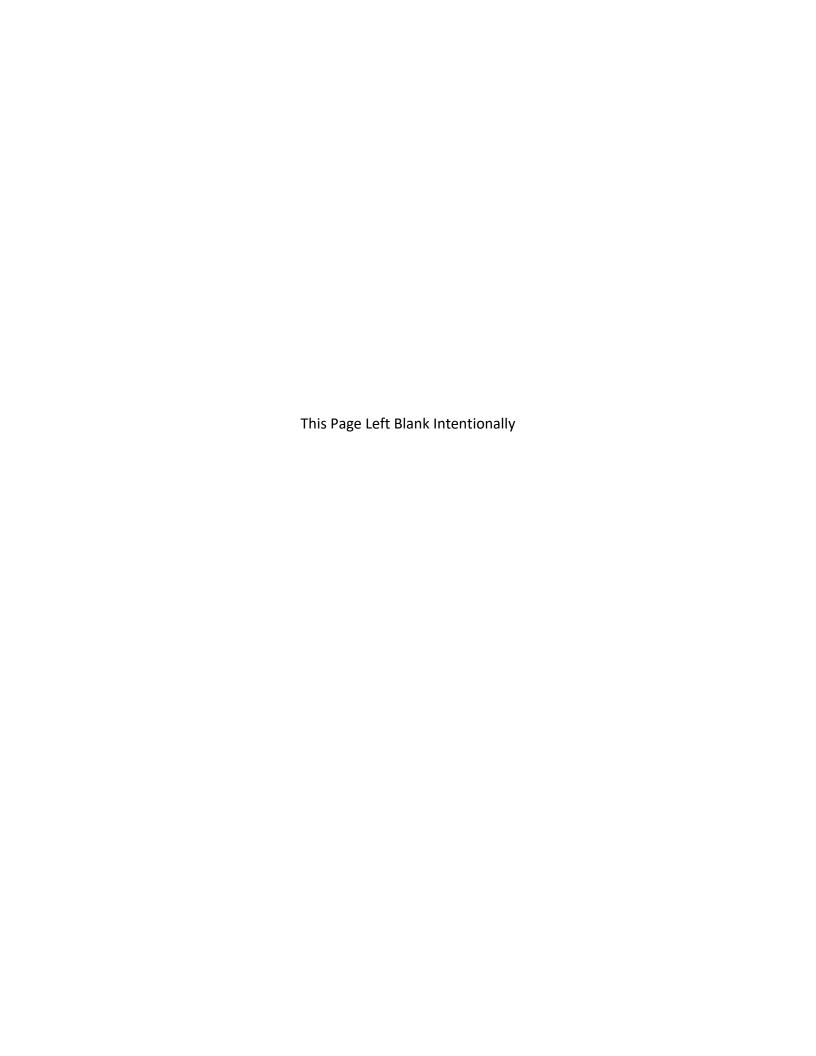
- FY2022 \$1.4 million
  - o Village-Wide
    - \$140 thousand network equipment and applications
    - \$123 thousand for virtualization & storage hardware at various facilities
    - \$60 thousand for cyber security enhancements
  - Administration
    - \$5 thousand for audio visual upgrades for the Council Chambers
  - Police Department & Communications
    - \$500 thousand for computer aided dispatch replacement
    - \$350 thousand for records management replacement
    - \$89 thousand for communications and video systems
    - \$43 thousand for mobile data equipment
  - o Fire Department
    - \$35 thousand for notifications systems
  - Public Works
    - \$75 thousand for SCADA system upgrades

Technology by	y Fund		FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 Proposed	FY2023 Projected	FY2024 Projected	FY2025 Projected	FY2026 Projected
Total Technology Expenditures			\$227,000	\$1,418,750	\$1,802,000	\$955,000	\$346,500	\$431,025
% Change vs. Pr	•		-58.09%	525.00%	27.01%	-47.00%	-63.72%	24.39%
o change voi i	ioi real		30.0370	323.00%	27.01/0	47.00%	03.7270	24.3370
911 Fund - 12	21		\$5,000	\$602,500	\$751,000	\$75,000	\$46,500	\$272,025
% Change vs	. Prior Year		0.00%	11950.00%	24.65%	-90.01%	-38.00%	485.00%
475026	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS&SERVICES	12140300	\$0	\$60,000	\$575,000	\$55,000	\$20,000	\$95,000
475028	DEPARTMENT SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	12140300	\$5,000	\$542,500	\$176,000	\$20,000	\$26,500	\$177,025
Capital Fund	Expenditures - 131		\$177,500	\$692,750	\$842,500	\$710,000	\$235,000	\$156,500
% Change vs	. Prior Year		-65.52%	290.28%	21.62%	-15.73%	-66.90%	-33.40%
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	13110100	\$0	<i>\$0</i>	\$40,000	\$11,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	13140100	\$0	\$3,500	\$45,000	\$7,000	\$72,000	\$7,000
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	13140200	\$0	\$0	\$2,500	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	13150100	\$0	\$0	\$5,000	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	13175100	\$0	\$0	\$5,000	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
475005	ENTERPRISE SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	13100000	\$0	<i>\$0</i>	\$21,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0
475023	AUDIO VISUAL EQUIPMENT	13110100	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$37,500	\$12,500	\$5,000	\$0
475023	AUDIO VISUAL EQUIPMENT	13140100	\$0	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0
475023	AUDIO VISUAL EQUIPMENT	13140200	\$0	<i>\$0</i>	\$0	\$55,000	\$0	\$0
475024	NETWORK EQUIPMENT/APPLICATIONS	13100000	\$21,000	\$124,250	\$146,500	\$127,500	\$107,500	\$104,000
475024	NETWORK EQUIPMENT/APPLICATIONS	13110100	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
475025	CYBER SECURITY EQUIP/APPS	13100000	\$71,500	\$60,000	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
475026	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS&SERVICES	13110100	\$0	\$0	\$50,000	\$7,500	\$0	\$0
475026	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS&SERVICES	13140100	\$0	\$10,000	\$0	\$250,000	\$0	\$0
475026	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS&SERVICES	13150100	\$0	\$35,000	\$55,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000
475027	VIRTUALIZATION & STORAGE	13100000	\$80,000	\$90,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$15,000	\$10,000
475028	DEPARTMENT SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	13110100	\$0	<i>\$0</i>	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$0
475028	DEPARTMENT SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	13140100	\$0	\$350,000	\$315,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0
Water & Sev	ver Capital Fund Expenditures - 223		\$44,500	\$123,500	\$208,500	\$170,000	\$65,000	\$2,500
% Change vs. Prior Year		0.00%	177.53%	68.83%	-18.47%	-61.76%	-96.15%	
473006	SECURITY IMPROVEMENTS	22375500	\$0	\$0	\$7,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500
475005	ENTERPRISE SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	22300000	\$0	\$0	\$21,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0
475024	NETWORK EQUIPMENT/APPLICATIONS	22300000	\$12,000	\$16,000	\$0	\$22,500	\$17,500	\$0
475027	VIRTUALIZATION & STORAGE	22300000	\$32,500	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
475028	DEPARTMENT SOFTWARE SYS&APPS	22375500	\$0	\$75,000	\$180,000	\$125,000	\$45,000	\$0





# SECTION VIII - BUILDINGS & BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS



# <u>Section VIII: Buildings & Building Improvements</u>

### **Overview**

Items included in this section fall under the Land & Land Improvements, and Buildings & Building Improvements categories of fixed assets as defined in the Village's Fixed Assets Policy (Appendix A).

The Village is responsible for numerous municipal facilities within its corporate boundaries. Village buildings and grounds must be maintained regularly to remain functional. Village facilities must also periodically be upgraded to ensure efficient operations. Expenditures in this section include projects that:

- Conduct preventative maintenance of problems before they become more expensive to repair.
- Maximize the life of the building and materials.
- Keep buildings safe, ensuring that anything affecting health and safety is maintained.
- Help hold its value.
- Keep the appearance of buildings as an aesthetically pleasing reflection of the community.

#### The Village's main facilities include:

- Village Hall 325 N. O'Plaine Road
- Fire Station #1 4580 Old Grand Avenue
- Fire Station #2 6581 Dada Drive
- Fire Station #3 5330 Manchester Drive (to be completed in 2021)
- Police Department 100 N. O'Plaine Road
- Police Department Substation 6170 Grand Avenue (Gurnee Mills)
- Public Works Facility -1151 Kilbourne Road

The Village also maintains water storage facilities, storm and sanitary sewer pumping stations, Welton Plaza and the Mother Rudd House, a historical landmark in Gurnee which is currently occupied by the Warren Township Historical Society. The home is located at 4690 Old Grand Avenue.

### **Assumptions & Approach**

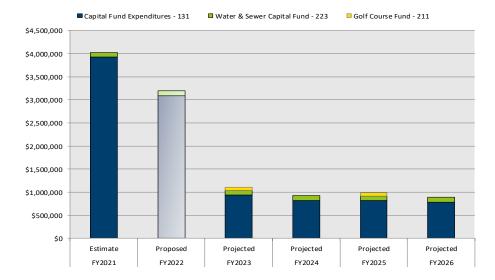
Improvements in functionality of existing facilities and larger preventative maintenance items are expected to be the focus of capital investment in facilities. Many preventative maintenance line items for facilities are built into the operating budgets but larger expense that can be capitalized such as mechanical systems, pavement repairs or roofing are expected to be funded through capital.

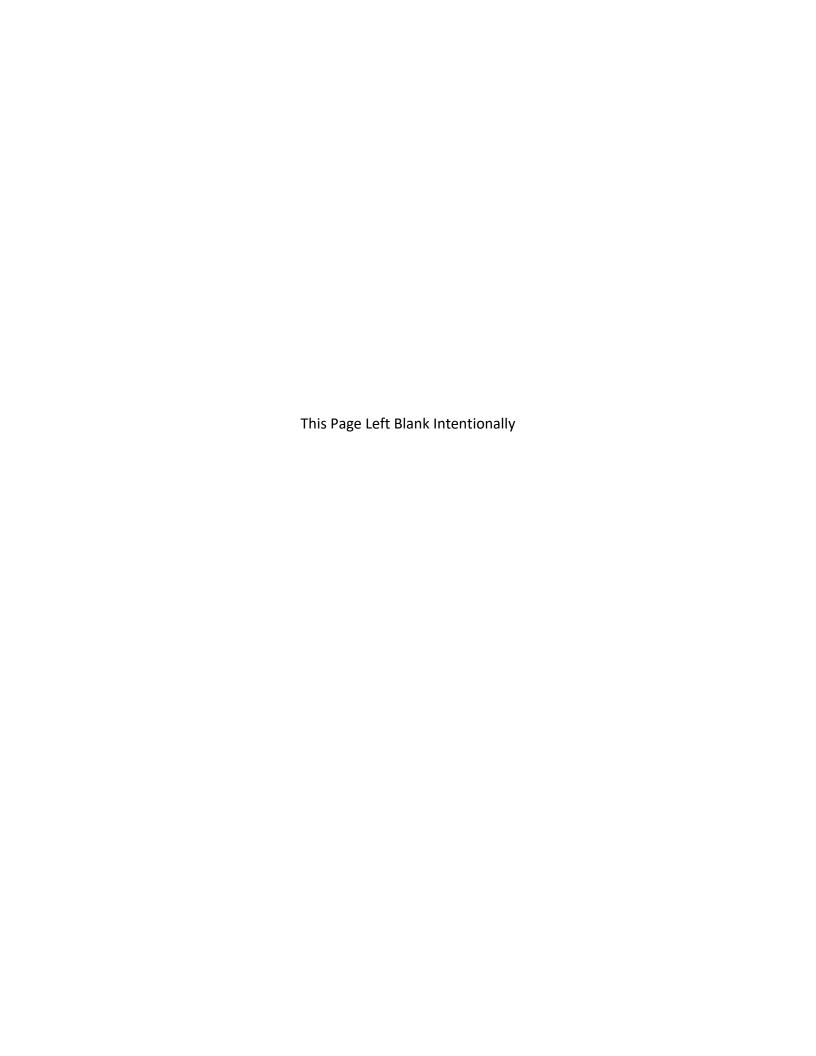
### **Buildings & Improvements Spending Projections**

Following is a list of proposed spending for the upcoming fiscal and a graphic that depicts anticipated spending on Buildings and Improvements assets throughout the plan period.

- FY2022 \$3.2 million
  - Administration
    - \$55 thousand for a monopole on Cemetery Rd. (Split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)
  - Police Department
    - \$100 thousand for improvements including; condenser replacement, fire protection dry system, veterans memorial repairs, and indoor air handling upgrades
  - Fire Department
    - \$2.3 million for the completion of Fire Station #3 construction
    - \$250 thousand for furniture, fixtures and equipment for Fire Station #3
  - Public Works Streets
    - \$25 thousand to replace floor drains in the main building (split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)
    - \$10 thousand for multiple man doors at the Public Works main building and south building(split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)
  - Public Works Water & Sewer
    - \$55 thousand for a monopole on Cemetery Rd. (Split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)
    - \$25 thousand to replace floor drains in the main building (split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)
    - \$25 thousand for well house structure repairs
    - \$10 thousand for multiple man doors at the Public Works main building and south building (split 50/50 with Water & Sewer)

Buildings & Improvements		FY2021 Estimate	FY2022 Proposed	FY2023 Projected	FY2024 Projected	FY2025 Projected	FY2026 Projected
otal Buildings & Improvements Expenditure	s	\$4,023,992	\$3,200,000	\$1,112,500	\$925,000	\$990,000	\$890,000
6 Change vs. Prior Year		-24.31%	-20.48%	-65.23%	-16.85%	7.03%	-10.10%
Capital Fund Expenditures - 131		\$3,931,361	\$3,085,000	\$937,500	\$825,000	\$815,000	\$790,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-18.97%	-21.53%	-69.61%	-12.00%	-1.21%	-3.07%
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	13110100	\$58,154	\$55,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	13140100	\$107,807	\$100,000	\$62,500	\$135,000	\$50,000	\$100,000
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	13150100	\$50,000	\$0	\$185,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
473008 FIRE STATION #3	13150100	\$3,600,000	\$2,895,000	\$515,000	\$515,000	\$515,000	\$515,000
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	13175100	\$115,400	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Golf Course Fund - 211		\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$0
% Change vs. Prior Year		-100.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-100.00%	0.00%	-100.00%
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	21113000	\$0	\$0	\$25,000	\$0	\$25,000	\$0
474006 GOLF COURSE IMPROVEMENTS	21113000	\$0	\$0	\$50,000	\$0	\$50,000	\$0
Water & Sewer Capital Fund - 223		\$92,631	\$115,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
% Change vs. Prior Year		-59.64%	24.15%	-13.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
473003 BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS	22375500	\$92,631	\$115,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000







# SECTION IX - APPENDIX



# <u>Appendix A – Fixed Asset Policy</u>



# Fixed Asset Policy

Adopted: June 4, 2007

Last Revised: August 20, 2018

### **Statement of Purpose**

The purpose of this policy is to establish procedures governing the Fixed Asset Systems of the Village of Gurnee. The policy is meant to ensure compliance with various accounting and financial reporting standards including generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting (GAAFR), Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and applicable State and Federal capital asset regulatory and reporting requirements related to property. An accurate inventory provides for the valuation of assets for financial statements and insurance purposes. It also enhances the ability to safeguard fixed assets.

### **General Policy**

Each department shall be responsible for the following: (a) maintain control and security over each asset within the department's possession; (b) completion of documentation required by the Finance Division each time an asset is purchased, updated, transferred or disposed; and (c) conduct physical inventories of assets.

## **Scope**

This policy provides for the inventory and capitalization of all Village owned or leased assets with a value equal to or in excess of those amounts set forth in Section IV and VII herein and having a useful life of more that one year. Those assets identified pursuant to this policy as set forth in Section VIII shall be recorded and depreciated, if applicable, by the Director of Finance in the Fixed Asset System.

### Inventory, Valuing, Capitalizing, and Depreciation

#### **Inventoried Asset**

All assets or groups of assets (such as furniture or tools) with a value greater than \$1,000 and a useful life in excess of one year may be considered an inventoried asset. Each department is responsible for maintaining a listing of inventoried assets. Upon the acquisition or disposal of an asset in this category, the department acquiring or disposing of such asset may update their listing of inventoried assets. Some samples of inventoried assets are: computer software, tools, computers, weapons, and radios. Departments will annually submit a physical count of all inventoried assets to Finance.

#### **Fixed Assets**

### Valuing Fixed Assets

Fixed assets should be valued at cost or historical costs, plus those costs necessary to place the asset in its location (i.e. freight, installation charges.) In the absence of historical costs information, a realistic estimate will be used. Donated assets will be recorded at the estimated current fair market value.

### Capitalizing Assets

Assets are capitalized at the time of acquisition. To be considered a capital asset for financial reporting purposes, an item must be at or above the capitalization threshold as set forth in Section VII of this policy and have a useful life of at least one year. Capital assets below the capitalization threshold on a unit basis but warranting "control" shall be inventoried at the department level, and an appropriate list will be maintained.

Capital Assets should be capitalized if they meet the following criteria:

- a) Tangible
- b) Useful life of more than one year (benefit more than a single fiscal period)
- c) Cost exceeds designated threshold (see Section VII)

Fixed assets include land & land improvements, building & building improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. This type of asset should be charged to a Capital account in the Fund that paid for the asset.

#### **Depreciating Assets**

Depreciation is used to reflect the economic loss in the value of an asset. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that the method used to allocate the cost of a capital asset over its estimated useful life be as equitable as possible to the periods during which services are obtained from the use of the asset. In most cases, the straight line method of depreciation will be used for all assets.

### <u>Fixed Asset Categories</u>

### **Land & Land Improvements**

Includes all land purchased or otherwise acquired by the Village. All costs incurred in preparing the land for its intended use should be included in the cost of the land. Land is not a depreciable asset.

### **Building and Building Improvements**

Buildings are valued at the purchase price or cost of construction. The cost should include all charges applicable to the building, including broker's or architect's fees. Additions and improvements to buildings, as well as the cost of permanently attached fixtures, should be added to the building account if the cost enhances the buildings functionality or extends the asset's useful life.

### **Machinery and Equipment**

The machinery and equipment account should consist of property that does not lose its identity when removed from its location and is not changed materially or expended in use. These assets are recorded at cost, including freight, installation and other charges incurred to place the asset in use. Assets included in this category are heavy equipment, traffic equipment, generators, office equipment, phone system, vehicles, and kitchen equipment

#### Infrastructure

Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Included in this category are roads, bridges, drainage systems, water and sewer systems. These assets are recorded at historical cost and include the costs necessary to place the asset in its location or condition. Additions and improvements will be capitalized only if the cost either enhances the asset's functionality or extends the asset's useful life.

### **Construction in Progress**

This category is used for a building or other capital project that is incomplete at the end of a fiscal year. When the project is completed, the cumulative costs are transferred to an appropriate capital asset category.

### **Retirement of Assets**

Assets are typically retired for three reasons: obsolescence, sale or trade, and theft or loss. In general, the Village's practice is to use an asset until it no longer is useful or serviceable. However, assets may be sold or traded-in when it is the best interest to do so. Property may not be traded-in or disposed of without prior approval of the department head and the Village Administrator.

Capital assets that are retired before the end of their useful life must be sold by competitive sale, negotiated sale, or auction. Any other method of retirement of a capital asset shall be approved by the Village Board prior to disposal. The sale of non-capital assets valued at less than designated threshold (as set forth in Section VII), may be approved by the Village Administrator.

### **Modification of Assets**

Modifications to an asset that prolong a fixed asset's economic life or expand its usefulness should also be recorded. Normal repairs that maintain the asset in present condition should be recorded as an expenditure/expense and not capitalized.

### Physical Inventory of Assets

A physical inventory, done by an outside appraisal company or the Village's property insurance carrier, may be conducted at an interval recommended by the Finance Director and approved by the Village Administrator. The Village's accounting records will then be adjusted to reflect the current fixed asset inventory list. In conjunction with the preparation of the Multi-Year Capital Plan, the Finance Division will forward to each department head, a list of his/her department's inventoried and fixed assets listed in Fixed Asset System. It is the responsibility of the department head to account for all the items on the transaction listing and prepare the necessary reports that have not previously been sent to the Finance Division at the time of acquisition or disposal.

# <u>Capital Asset Categories and Useful Lives</u>

Asset Type	Years	Capitalization
Land	N/A	\$1
Land Improvements (Exhaustible)		
Parking Lots	20	\$25,000
Fences	20	\$25,000
Pedestrian Bridges	20	\$25,000
Bike Paths	20	\$25,000
Landscaping	30	\$25,000
Buildings	50	\$50,000
Building Improvements		
HVAC	20	\$50,000
Re-Roofing	20	\$50,000
Electrical & Plumbing	30	\$50,000
Carpet Replacement	10	\$50,000
Vehicles		
Police Squads	3	\$25,000
General Vehicles	8	\$25,000
Small Trucks	11	\$25,000
Large Trucks	15	\$25,000
Ambulances	15	\$25,000
Ladder Truck	25	\$25,000
Fire Engines, pumpers	15	\$25,000
Machinery & Equipment		
Fire equipment (ladders, hoses)	10	\$25,000
Police Communications Equipment	10	\$25,000
Heavy equipment (public works)	30	\$25,000
Computers	5	\$25,000
Furniture & Fixtures		
Office Furniture	20	\$25,000
Phone System	10	\$25,000
Kitchen Equipment	10	\$25,000
Infrastructure		
Roads/Streets	50	\$250,000
Water & Sewer Systems		
Lift Stations	40	\$250,000
Wells	40	\$250,000
Pumping Stations	40	\$250,000
Water towers	40	\$250,000
Water/Sewer Mains	40	\$250,000
Stormwater Drainage	40	\$250,000